

# Update on Breeding and Genetics Work at USDA

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# New releases

- **RHA 476:** early maturity, HO, high yield
- **CMS/HA 482:** HO, semi-short statured
- **RHA 483, RHA 484:** excellent Phomopsis, good Sclerotinia resistance, HO, IMI
- **RHA 485:** high yield and oil content, superior Phomopsis resistance
- **RHA 486:** superior Phomopsis resistance, IMI, DM
- **CMS/HA 487:** HO, IMI



## RELEASED INBRED LINES

Please use the [order form](#) to request germplasm.

USDA Released Inbred Lines

## RECENT POSTS

Internship Projects:  
Summer 2017

RHA 485, RHA 486, HA  
487 Release

HA 482, RHA 483, and  
RHA 484 Release

## Lab Picnic!

## Intern Highlight: Jonathan Tetlie

Search ...

## SPECIES WE WORK WITH

# Trait mapping

- Glandular trichome abundance mapped
  - May have importance for providing partial resistance to sunflower head moth
- Used GBS data, with trio imputation from parents to fill gaps in GBS data
- GBS data methods in paper just published in Frontiers in Plant Science, download from Publications tab on website!

## PUBLICATIONS

**Peer-Reviewed Publications** (*graduate students/postdocs in italics*)

1. Portlas, Z.M., J.R. Tetlie, D. Prischman-Voldseth, **B.S. Hulke**, and J.R. Prasifka. 2018. Variation in floret size explains differences in wild bee visitation to cultivated sunflowers. *Plant Genet. Res.* (in review).
  2. Fu, X., L.L. Qi, **B.S. Hulke**, and C.-C. Jan. 2017. Somatic embryogenesis from corolla tubes of interspecific amphiploids between cultivated sunflower (*Helianthus annuus* L.) and its wild species. *Helia* 40:1-19.
  3. Gao, Q.M., N.C. Kane, **B.S. Hulke**, S. Reinert, C. Pogoda, S. Tittes, and J.R. Prasifka. 2017. Genetic architecture of capitate glandular trichome density in florets of domesticated sunflower (*Helianthus annuus* L.). *Frontiers Plant Sci.* doi: 10.3389/fpls.2017.02227.
  4. **Hulke, B.S.**, Q.M. Gao, and M.E. Foley. 2017. Registration of the sunflower oilseed maintainer genetic stocks HOLS1, HOLS2, HOLS3, and HOLS4, possessing genes for high oleic and low saturated fatty acids, and tolerance to imidazolinone herbicides. *J. Plant Registrations* doi:10.3198/jpr2016.09.0043crgs.
  5. **Hulke, B.S.**, G. Ma, L.L. Qi, and T.J. Gulya. 2017. Registration of oilseed sunflower germplasms RHA 461, RHA 462, RHA 463, HA 465, HA 466, HA 467, and RHA 468. *J. Plant Registrations* doi:10.3198/jpr2017.04.0023crg.
  6. **Hulke, B.S.**, and W.E. May. 2017. Registration of oilseed sunflower restorer germplasms RHA 476 and RHA 477, adapted for short season environments. *J. Plant Registrations* doi:10.3198/jpr2017.07.0048crg.
  7. Prasifka, J.R., R.E. Mallinger, **B.S. Hulke**, S.R. Larson, and D. Van Tassel. 2017. Plant-herbivore and plant-pollinator interactions of the developing perennial oilseed crop, *Silphium integrifolium* Michx. *Environmental Ent.* 46:1339-1345. doi.org/10.1093/ee/nvx134
  8. Qi, L.L., Z.I. Talukder, **B.S. Hulke**, and M.E. Foley. 2017. Development of diagnostic SNP markers for the downy mildew resistance genes PIArg and PI8, and marker-assisted gene pyramiding in sunflower (*Helianthus annuus* L.). *Mol. Genet. Genomics* doi:10.1007/s00438-017-1290-8
  9. Van Tassel, D., K. Albrecht, J. Bever, A., Boe, Y. Brandvain, T. Crews, M. Gansberger, P. Gerstberger, L. González-Paleo, **B. Hulke**, N. Kane, P. Johnson,

## RECENT POSTS

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487 Release

HA 482, RHA 483, and  
RHA 484 Release

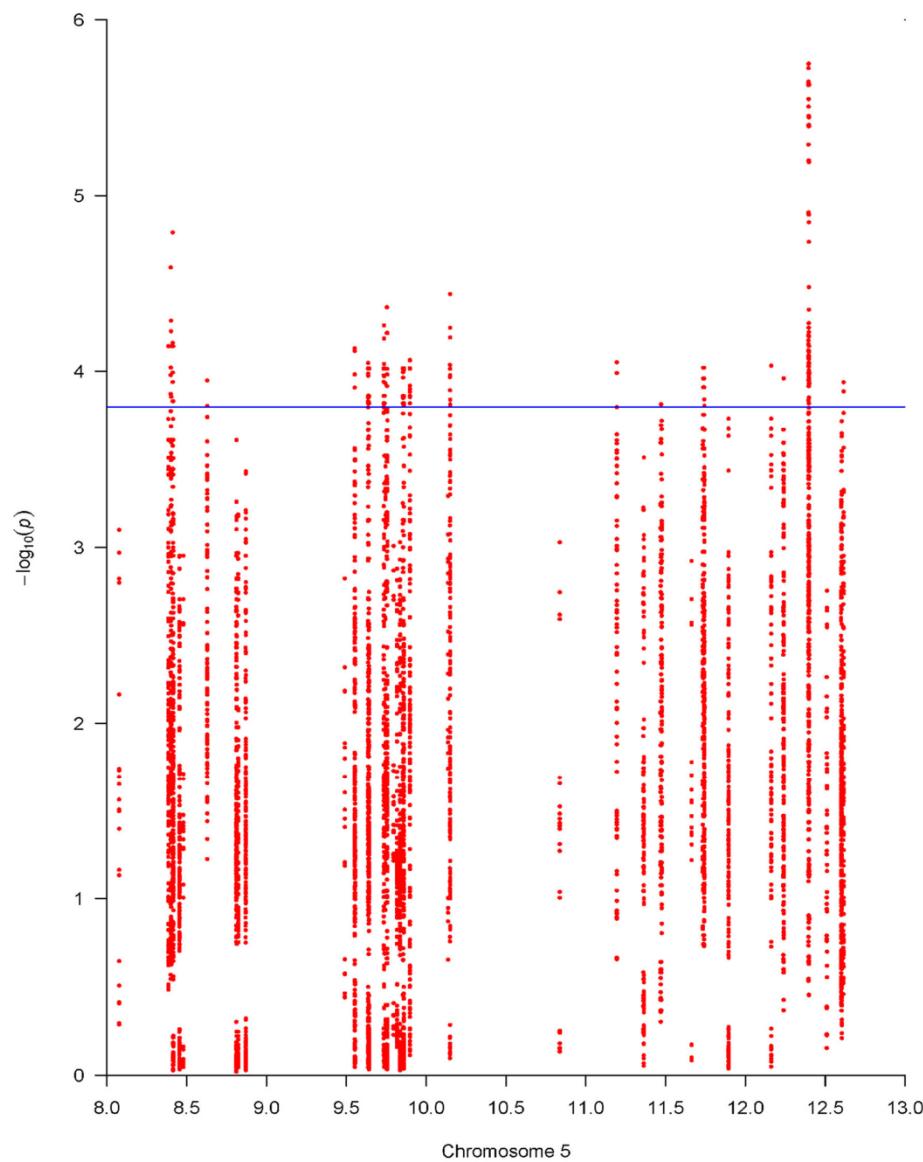
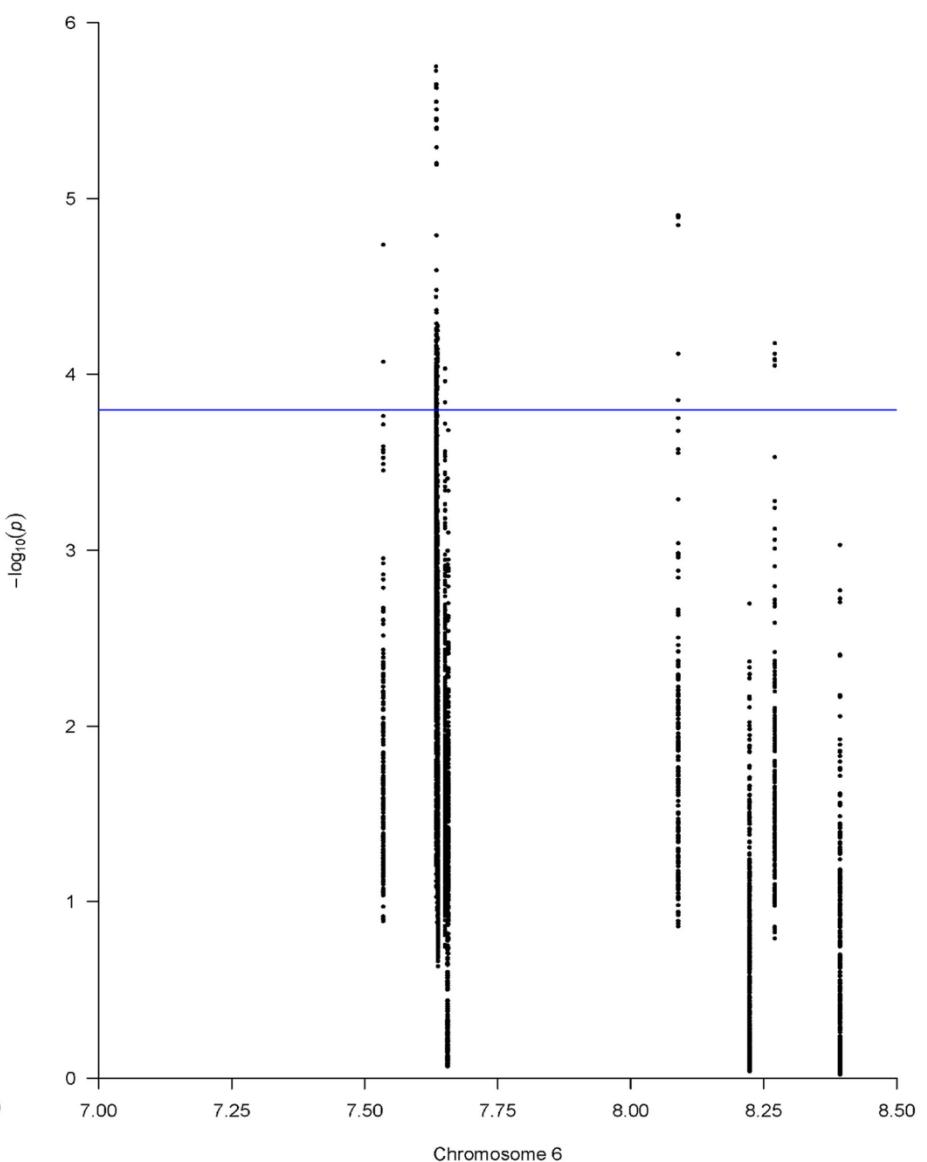
Lab Picnic!

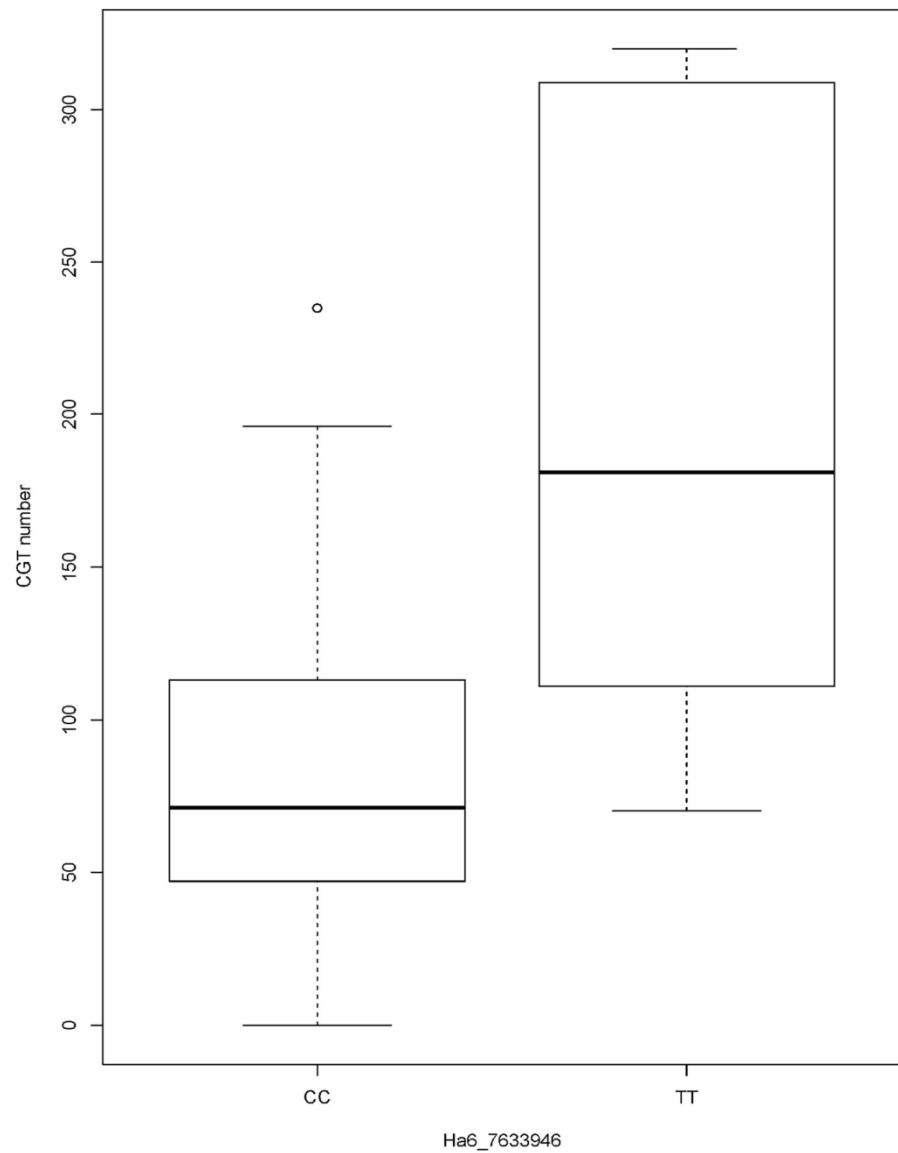
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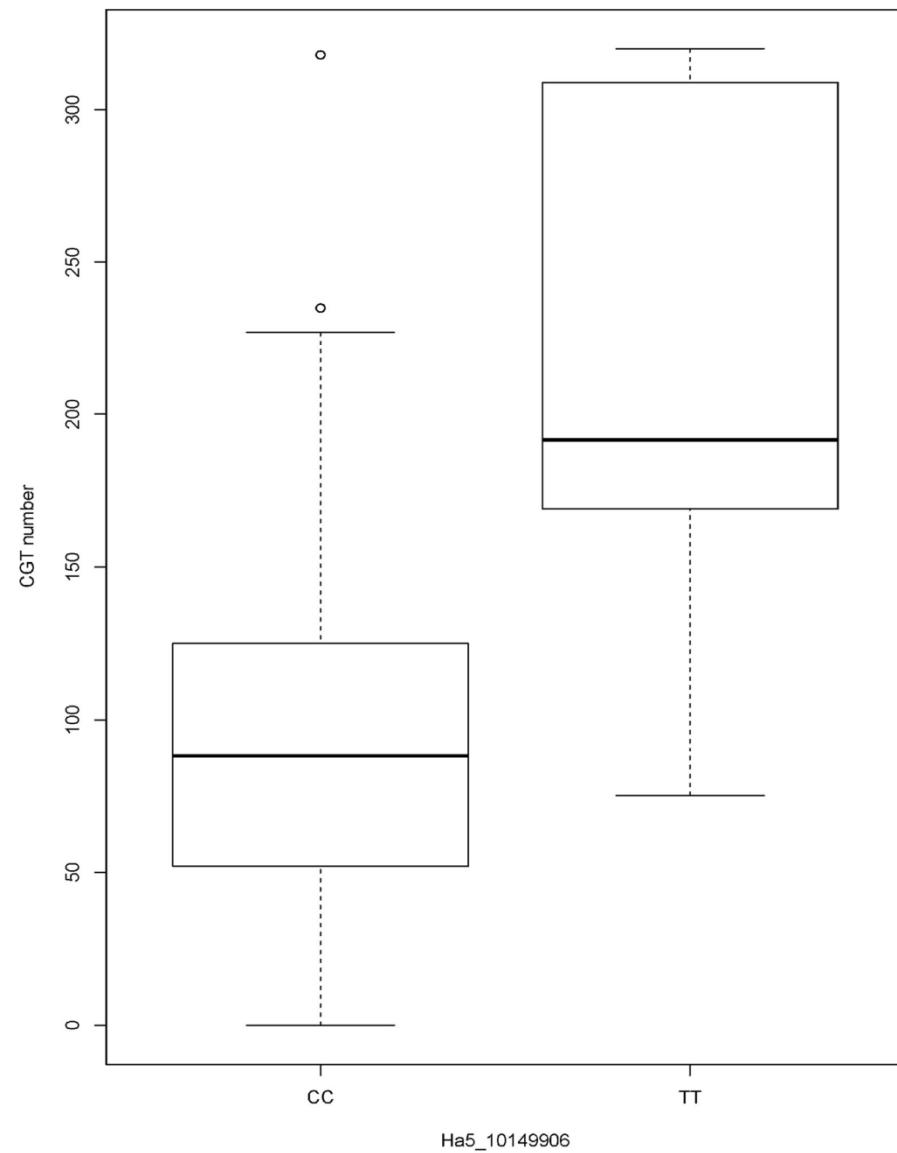
## SPECIES WE WORK WITH



**A****B**

**C**

Ha6\_7633946

**D**

Ha5\_10149906

# RSSW mapping

- Biparental population like glandular trichome
- Preliminary analysis shows one gene
- GBS data lacking density so we are adding markers to verify nothing was missed
- Mapped gene will be released with B-line and R-line germplasm

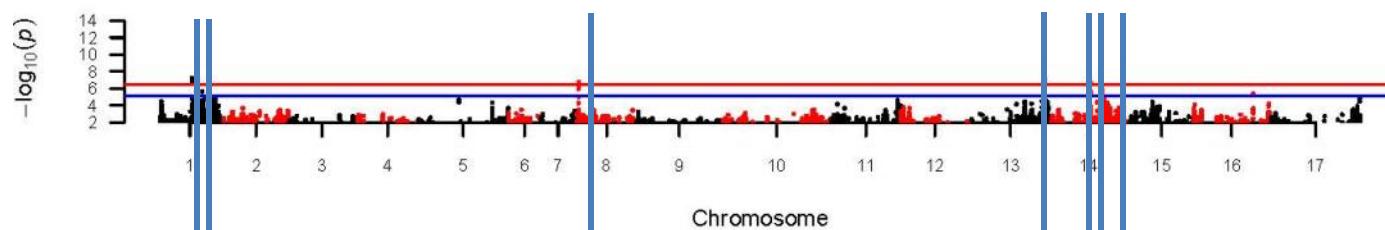
# Fatty acid association mapping

- NSA funded project
  - SAM association population + 49 other released inbred lines
  - Evaluated at 6 environments with a range of different temperatures at bloom
  - Analyzed using association mapping analyses, controlled for population structure and kinship
  - Opportunities to study minor effect QTL and their interaction with the environment

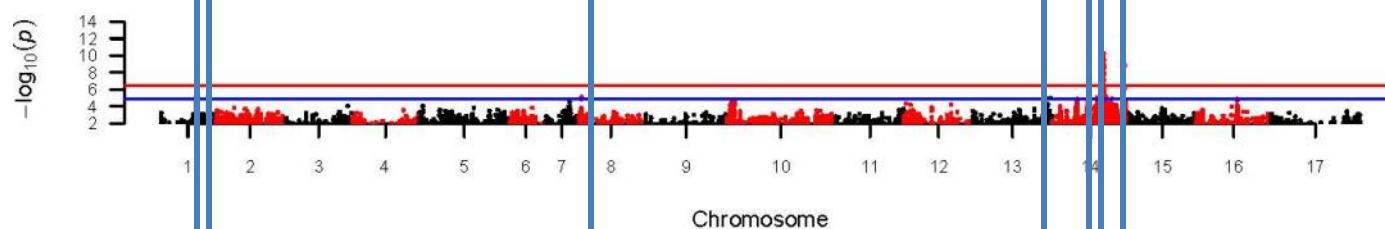
# Justification

- Phenotyping fatty acids is expensive in resources and time
- Precision in engineering oil profiles may be needed in the near future
- Better understanding of GxE is needed

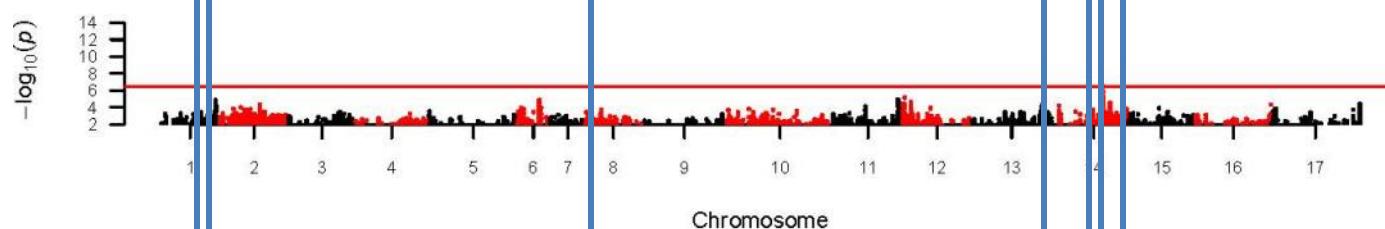
### Oleic BC



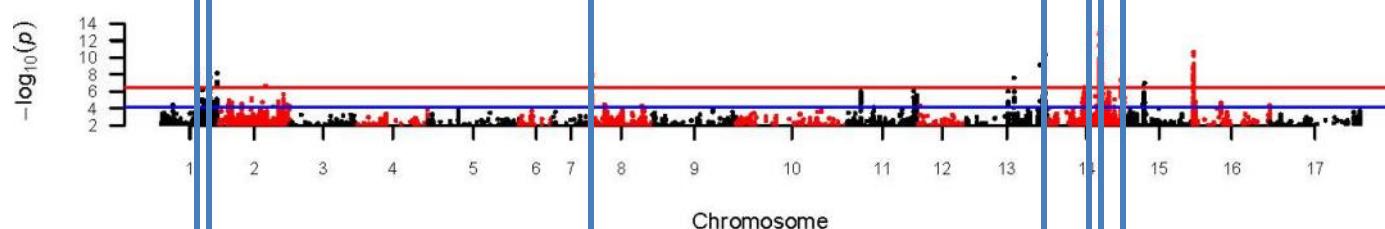
### Oleic GA



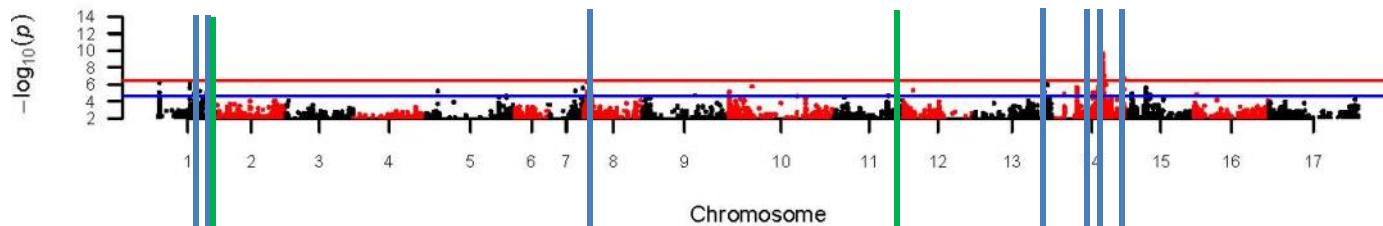
### Oleic IA



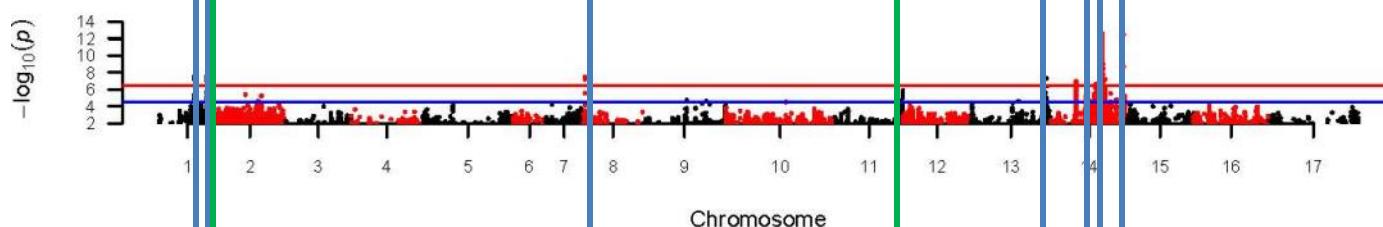
### Oleic ND



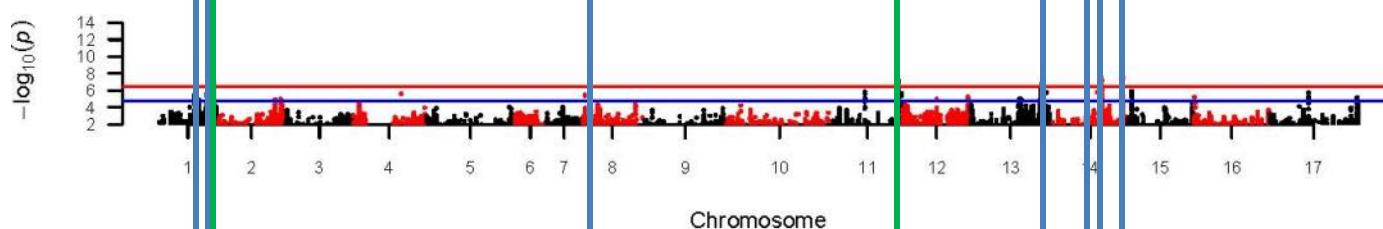
### Linoleic BC



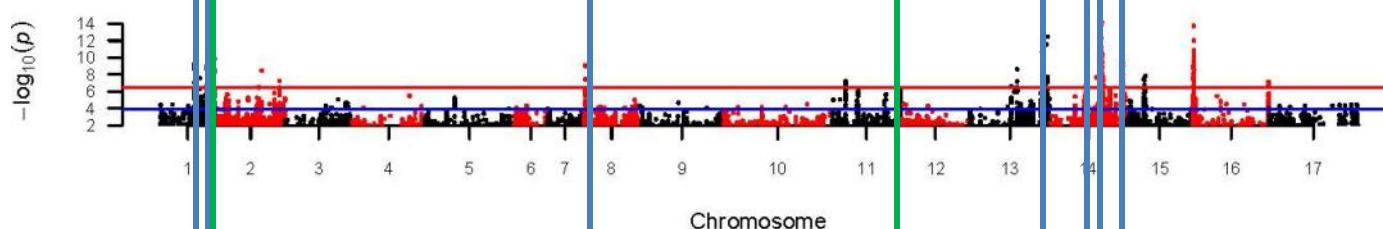
### Linoleic GA

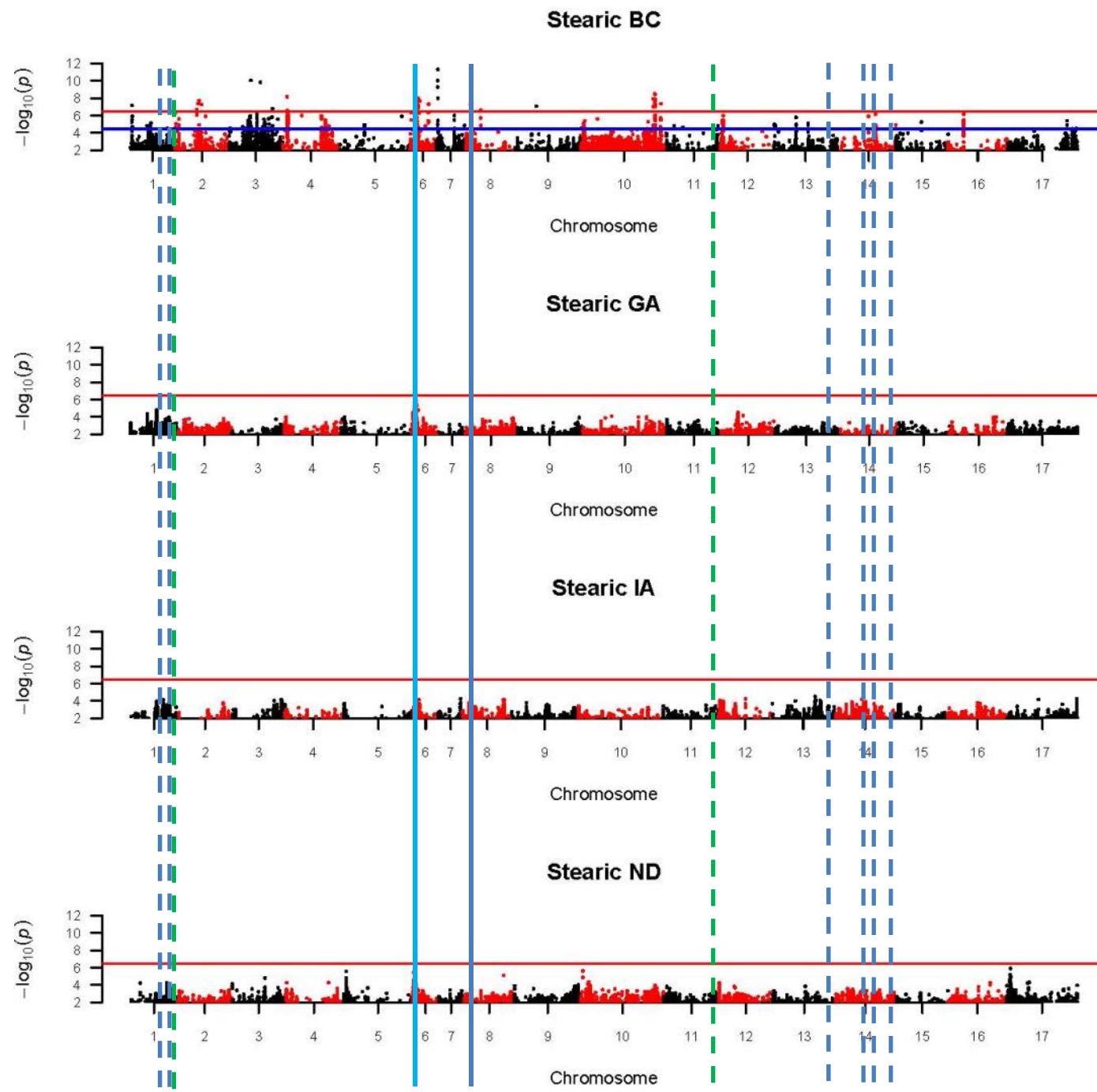


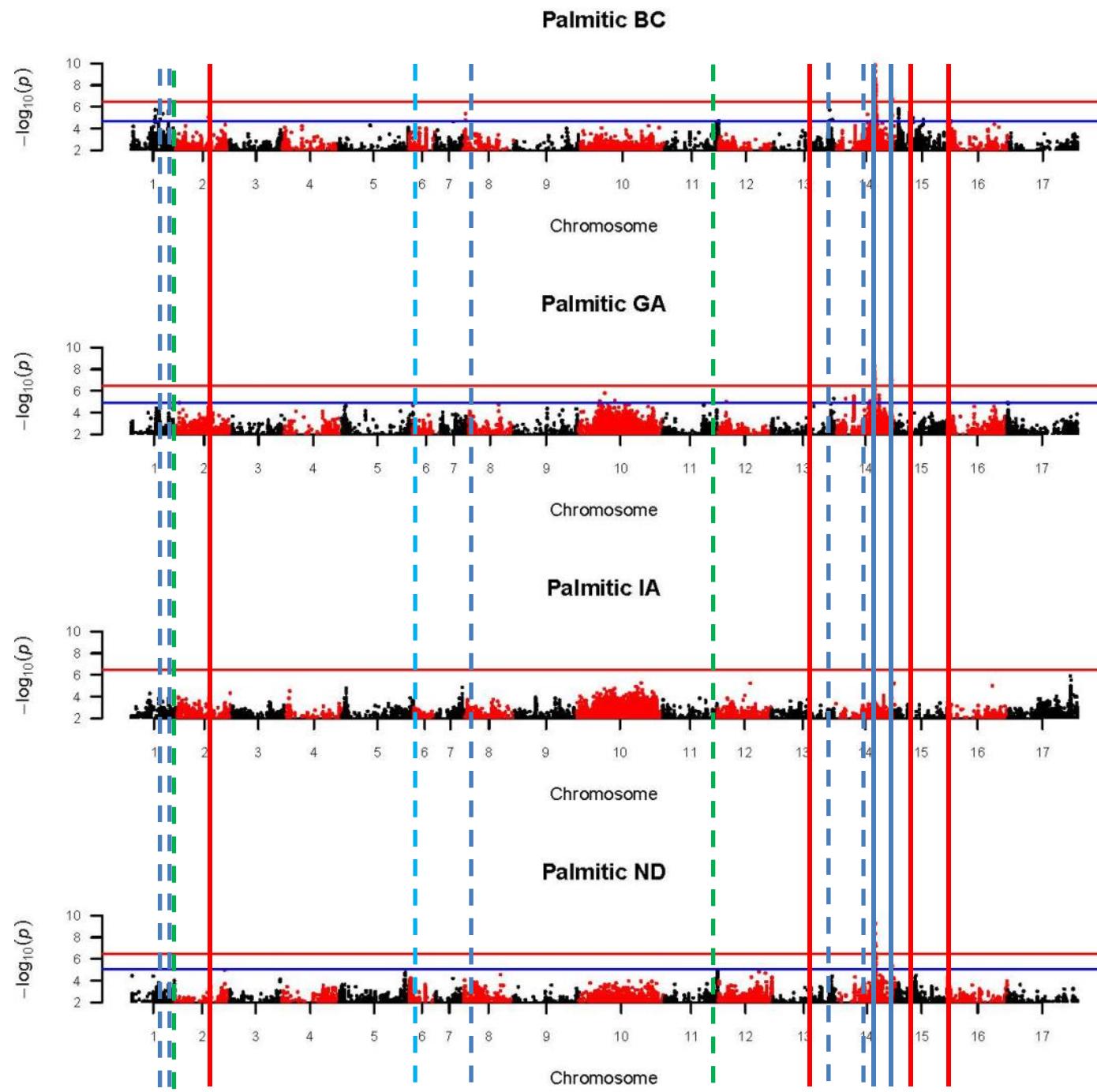
### Linoleic IA



### Linoleic ND





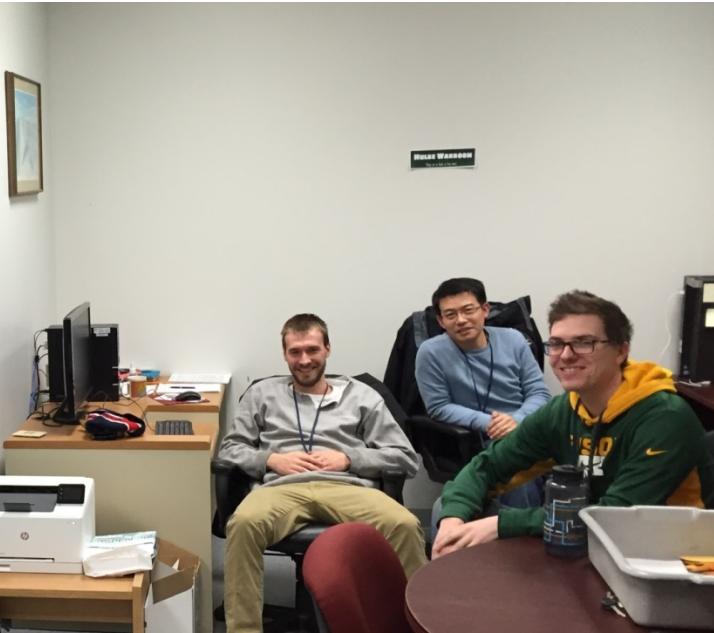


# Summary

- Genotype by environment variation for oleic content is real and a moderate number of loci drive it
- Story will be more clear with completion of validation population in the next few months
- We can now drill down and begin candidate gene identification (even small intervals can contain many genes)

# Future Steps

- Complete papers on oleic acid modifying loci and genotype by environment interaction
- Complete paper on red sunflower seed weevil resistance



## Thanks to our research sponsors!

- National Sunflower Association
- Genome Canada/Genome BC
- USDA Sclerotinia Initiative
- Saskatchewan Ministry of Ag.