



# 2012 National Sunflower Association Survey

**Project Leader:**  
**Hans Kandel Extension Agronomist**  
**NDSU Crop Science Department**

# 2012 Sunflower Survey - # Fields

- North Dakota - 97
- Minnesota - 10
- South Dakota - 54
- Kansas - 5
- Colorado - 7
- Nebraska - 4
- Manitoba - 11
- Texas - 8
- Vermont - 15



**TOTAL - 211**



# 2012 Sunflower Survey

(Approximately one field stop per 10,000 Acres)

- Fields in 2005 - 146
- Fields in 2006 - 162
- Fields in 2007 - 158
- Fields in 2008 - 162
- Fields in 2009 - 177
- Fields in 2010 - 207
- Fields in 2011 - 155
- Fields in 2012 - 211\*



\*Highest # Surveyed

# 2012 Sunflower Crop Survey Teams

- North Dakota      10 teams
- South Dakota      8 teams
- Minnesota          2 teams
- Colorado            1 team
- Kansas               1 team
- Nebraska            1 team
- Texas                1 team
- Manitoba            1 team
- Vermont             1 team
- Texas                1 team

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Total of                    27 teams



## 2012 Sunflower Yield and Management Practices

Team # \_\_\_\_\_ County \_\_\_\_\_ Field # \_\_\_\_\_ Oil (1) \_\_\_\_\_ Conf (2) \_\_\_\_\_.

GPS North		GPS West	Dryland (1)	Irrigated (2)	.	Center	Previous Crop
Yield Data:		Plants / Pop.	Head Diameter	Seed Size	% Good Seed	Seed Set	
1st count							
2nd count							
Average							

### Calculation:

2450 x	x	x	x	x	x	=	
	<b>Plant Population multiplier</b>	<b>Head Diameter multiplier</b>	<b>Seed Size multiplier</b>	<b>% Good Seed</b>	<b>Center Seed Set</b>	<b>Bird Damage Multiplier</b>	<b>Est. Yield</b>

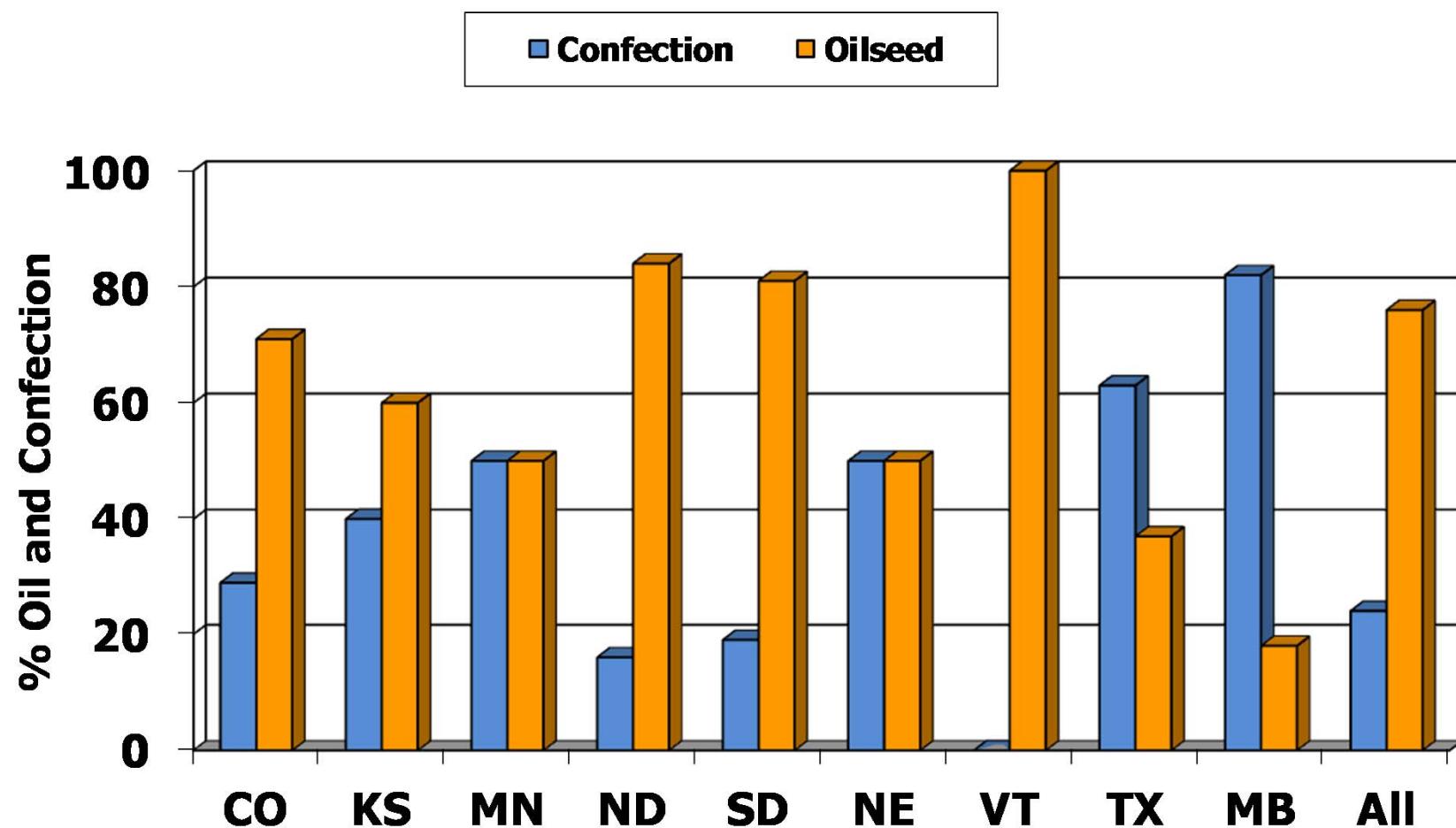
<b>Management Practices:</b>	<b>Row Spacing</b>	20" or less - 1 _____	21" or Greater - 2 _____
	No-till - 1	Min-till - 2	Conv-till-3



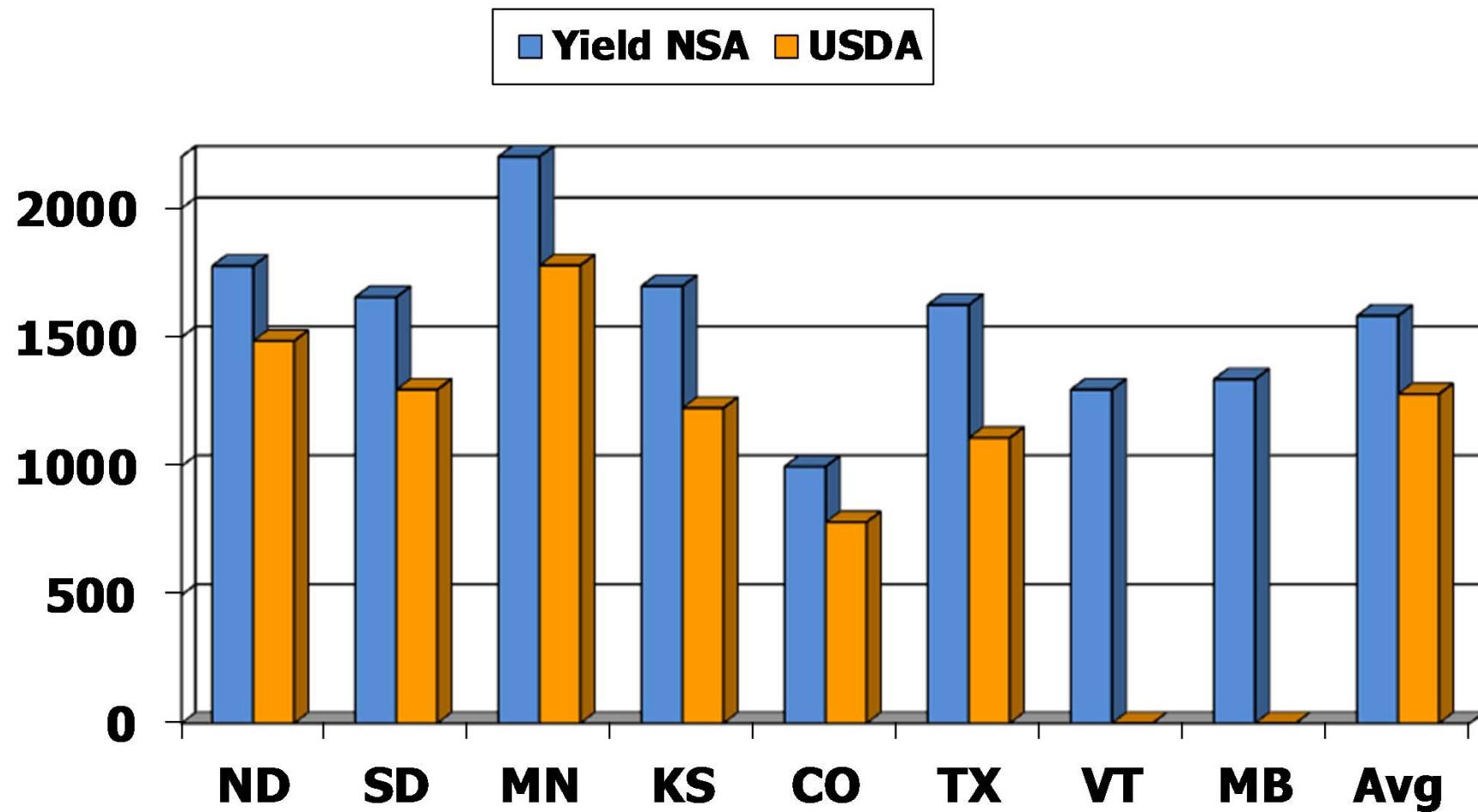
# Counting plants per acre



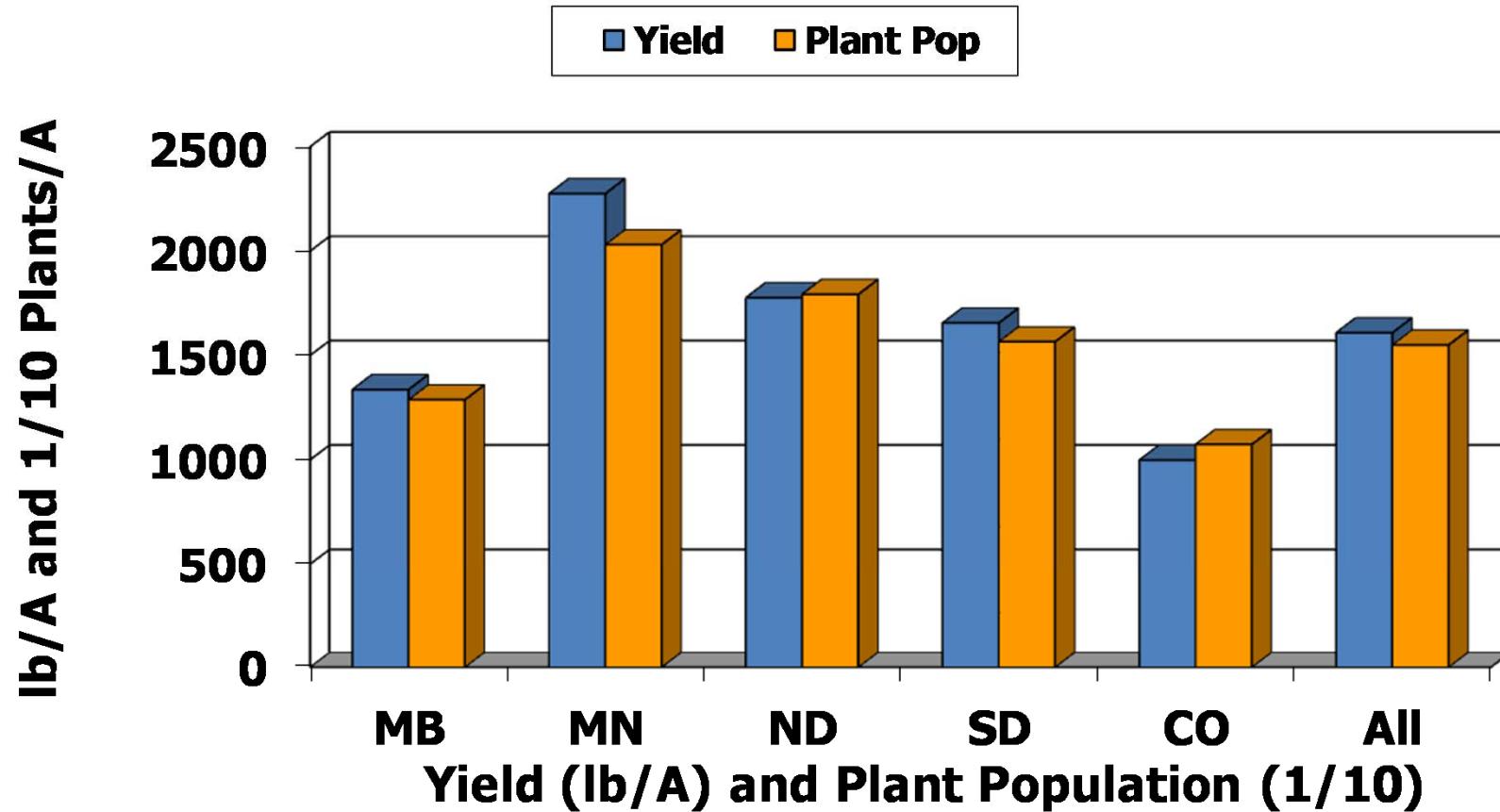
# % Confection and Oilseed Sunflower-2012 Survey



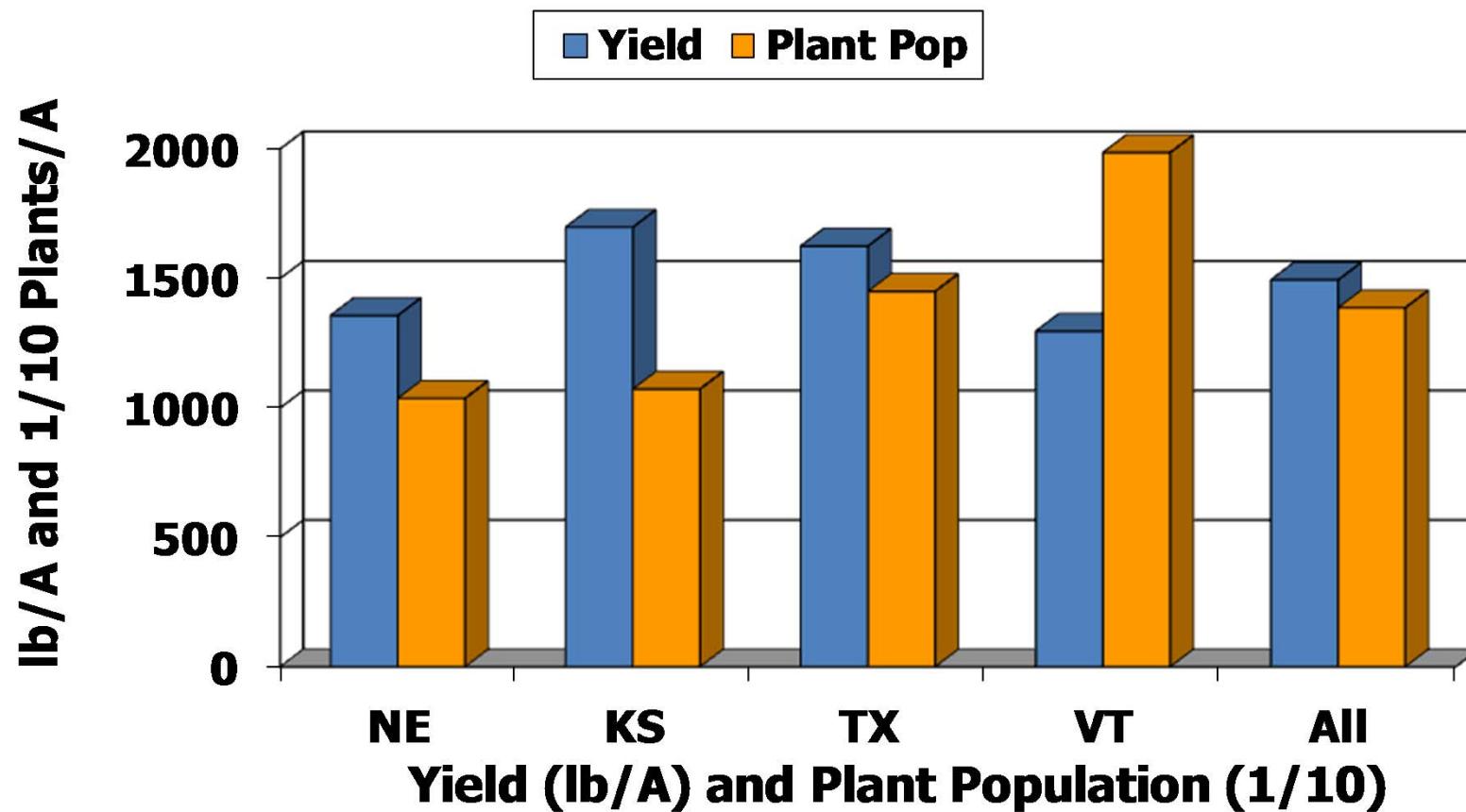
# NSA estimate vs. Ag Statistic 2012



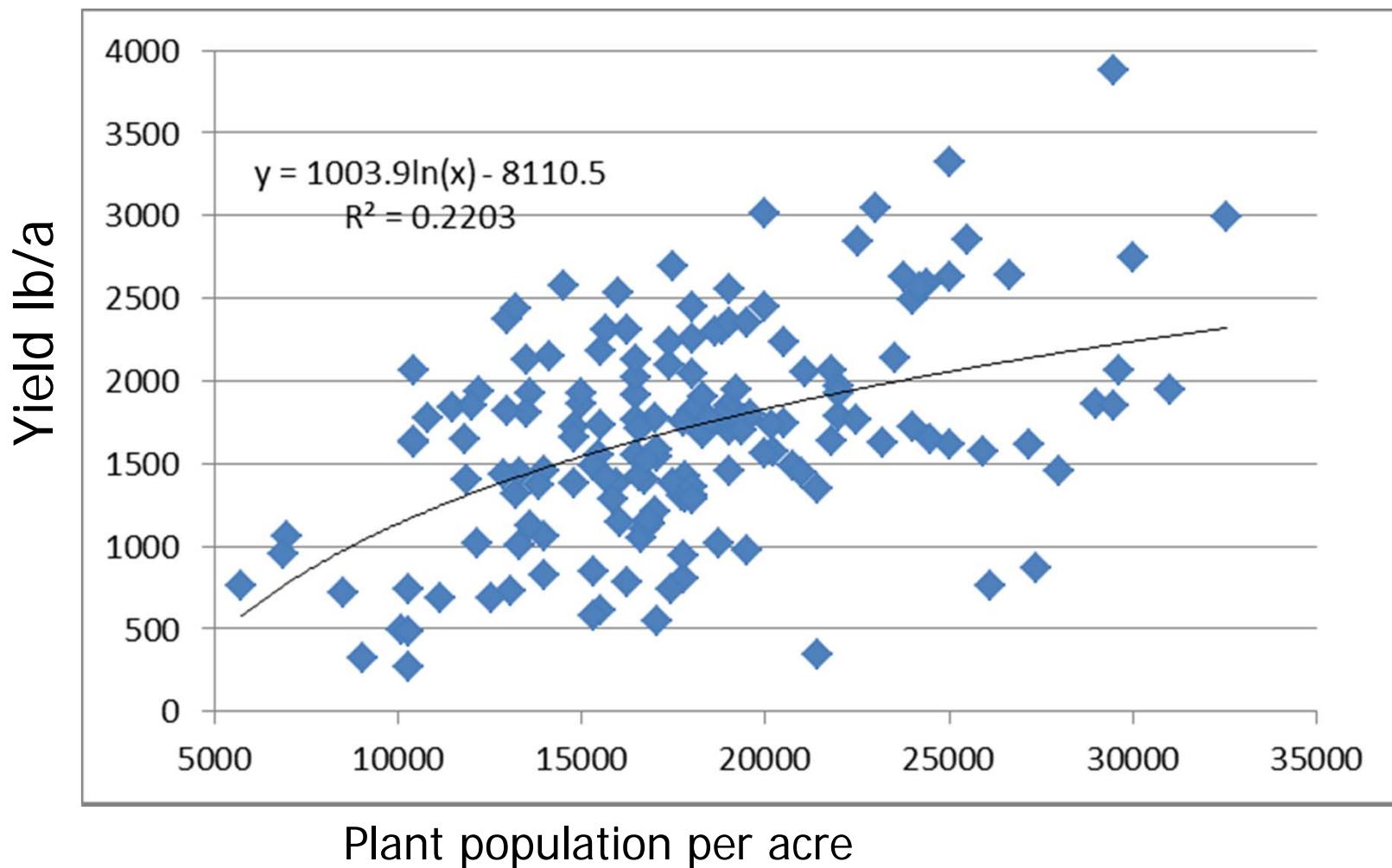
# Sunflower Yield and Plant Population: 2012



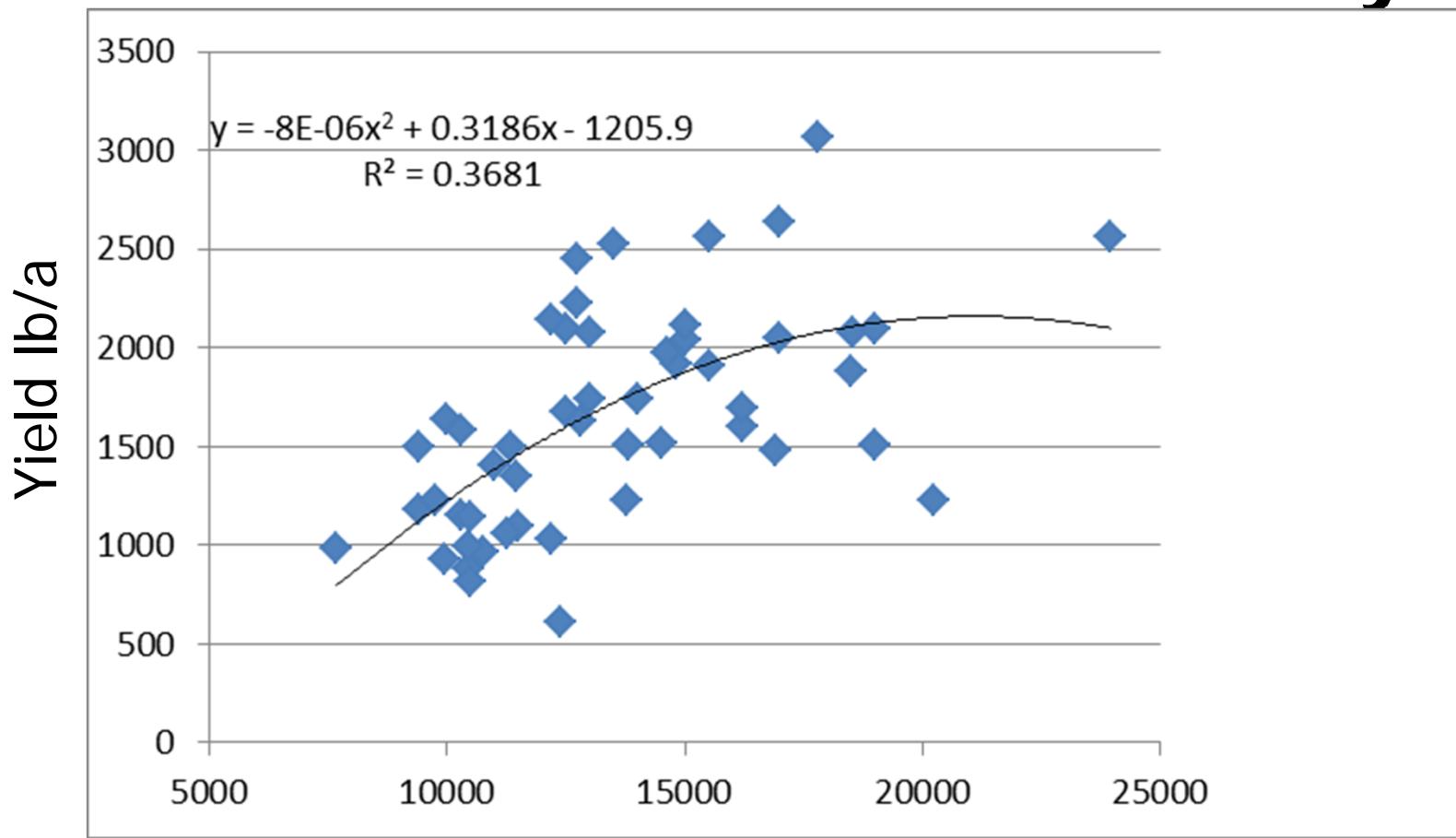
# Sunflower Yield and Plant Population: 2012



# 2012 Yield vs. Plant Population Oil Sunflower only



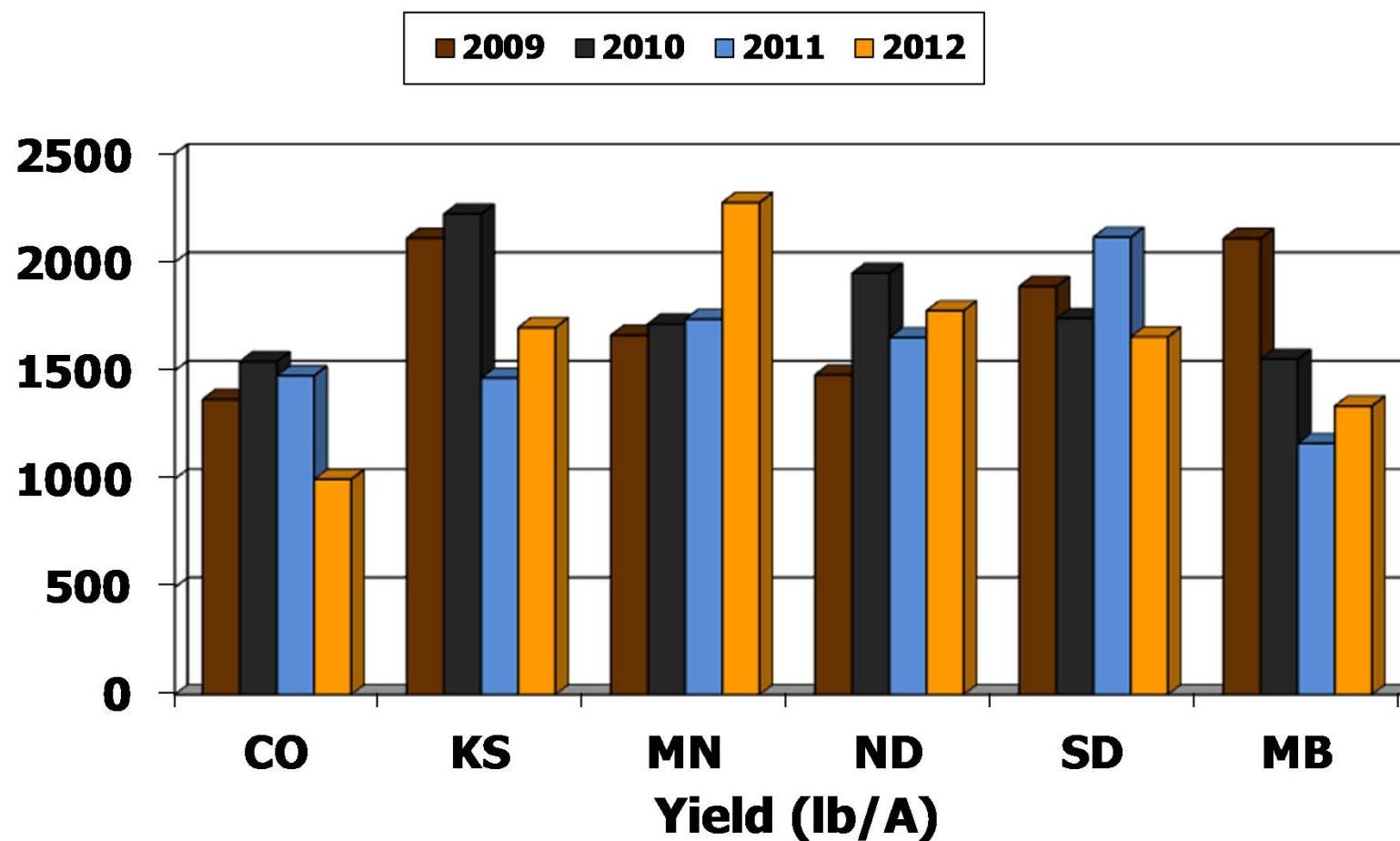
# 2012 Yield vs. Plant Population Confection Sunflower only



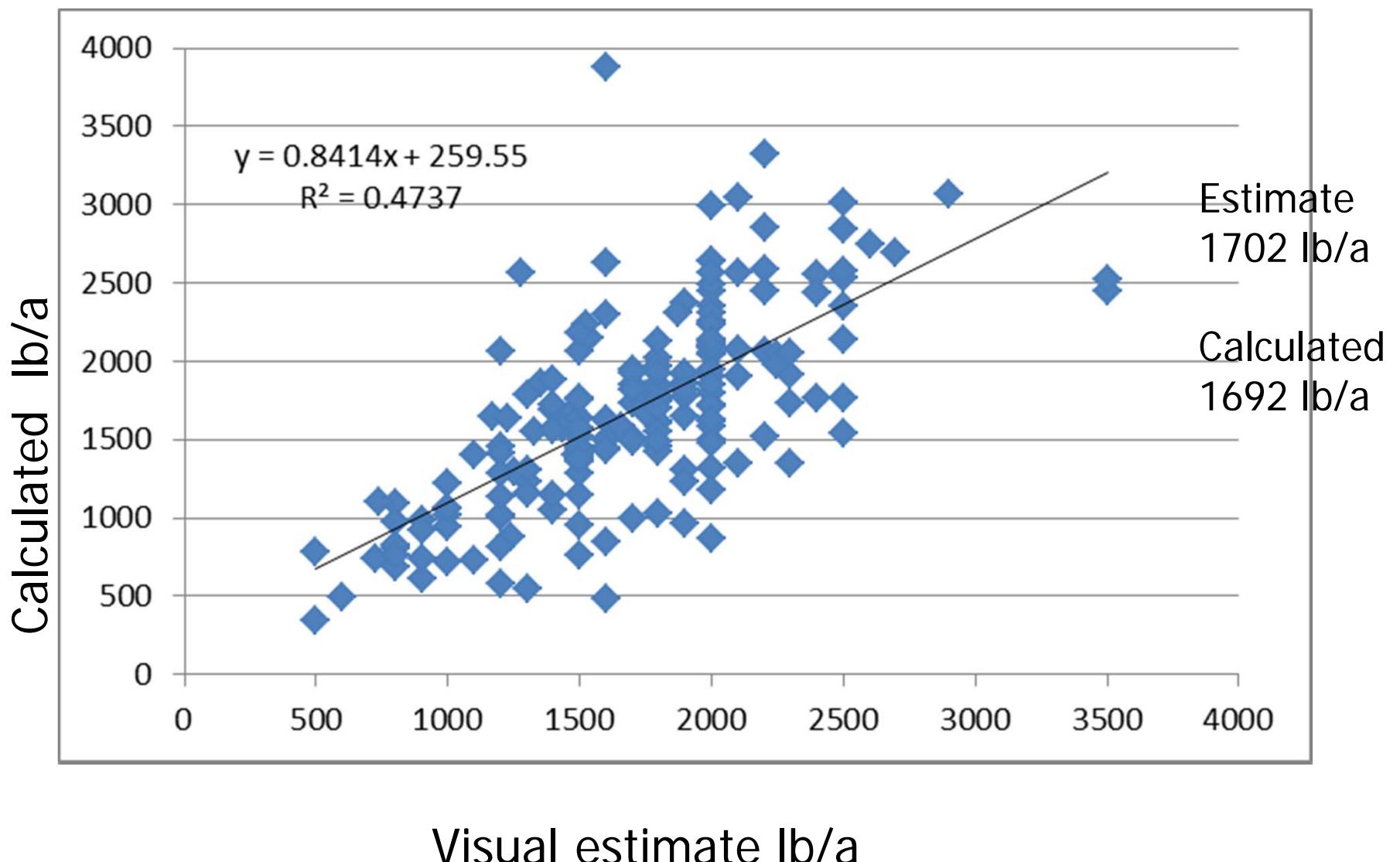
Plant population per acre

# Sunflower Yield : lb/a

## 2009-2012



# Yield 2012 Survey

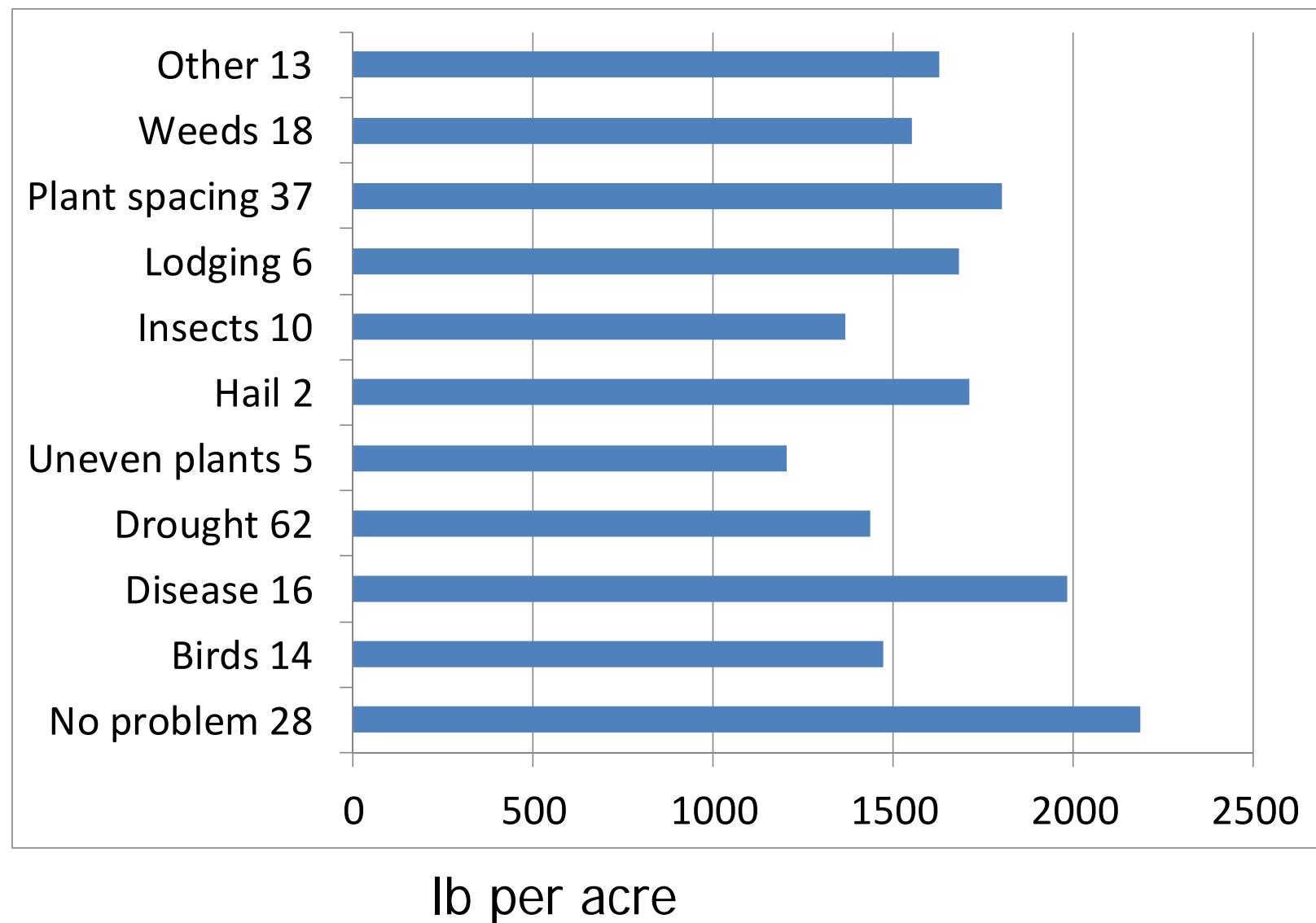


# 2012 #1 Yield Limiting Factors - combined (211 Fields)

- Disease 7.1%
- Plant spacing within row 17.5%
- Lodging 2.8%
- Weeds 8.5%
- Birds 6.6%
- Insects 4.7%
- Drought 29.4%
- Hail 0.9%
- Uneven plant growth 2.5%
- Other 6.6%
- No Problem 13.3%



# **Yield Limiting factor and Yield 2012**



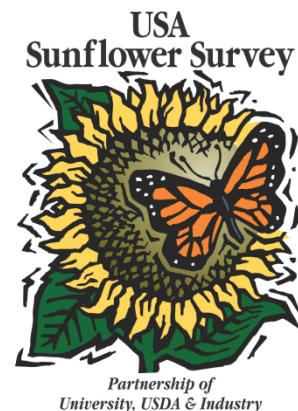
# 2012 #2 Yield Limiting Factors - combined (211 Fields)

- Plant spacing within row 14.2%
- Uneven plant growth 5.2%
- Weeds 10.9%
- Insects 6.6%
- Disease 7.1%
- Birds 4.7%
- Lodging 1.9%
- Drought 6.6%
- Hail 0.9%
- Other 7.1%
- No Problem 34.6%



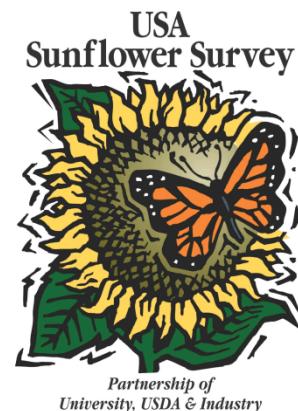
# **2012 #1 Yield Limiting Factors - North Dakota (97 Fields)**

- Plant spacing 16.5%
- Disease 13.4%
- Lodging 3.1%
- Drought 20.6%
- Uneven plant growth 4.1%
- Birds 9.3%
- Weeds 8.2%
- Insects 5.2%
- Hail 1.0%
- Other 8.2%
- No Problem 10.3%



# **2012 #2 Yield Limiting Factors - North Dakota (97 Fields)**

- Plant spacing 11.3%
- Disease 8.2%
- Weeds 7.2%
- Birds 7.2%
- Insects 9.3%
- Hail 1.0%
- Lodging 4.1%
- Drought 7.2%
- Uneven plant growth 9.3%
- No Problem 29.9%
- Other 5.2%



# **2012 #1 and #2 Yield Limiting Factors - Minnesota (10 Fields)**

## **#1 Factor**

- No problem 50%
- Plant spacing 40%
- Birds 10%

## **#2 Factor**

- No Problem 80%
- Insects 20%

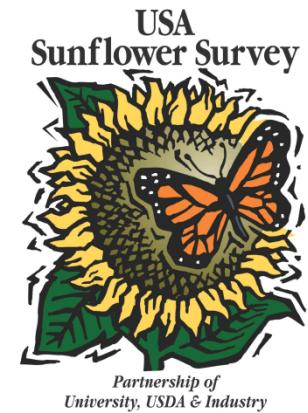
# **2012 # 1 and #2 Yield Limiting Factors - South Dakota (54 Fields)**

## **#1 Factor**

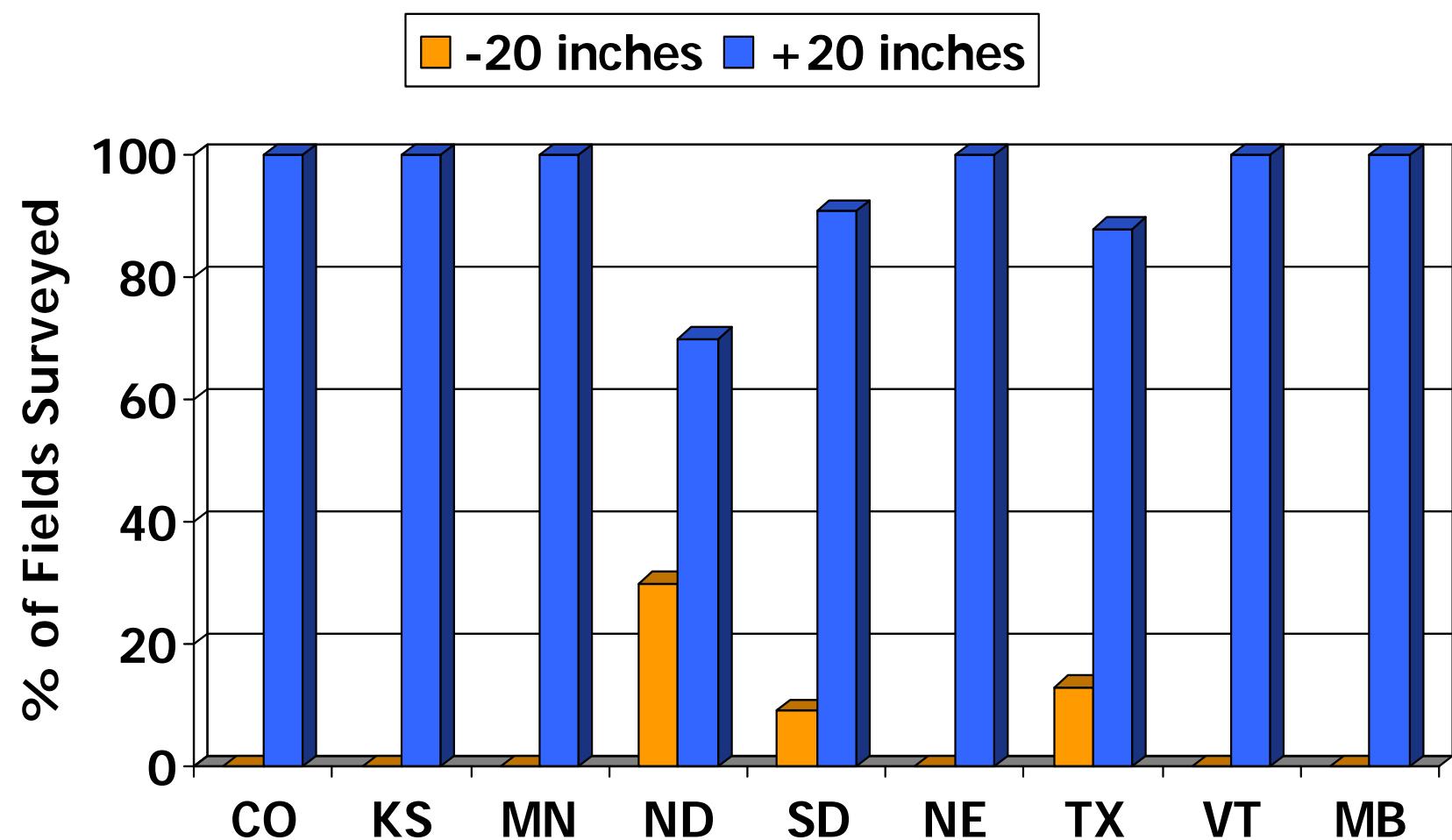
- Plant Spacing 30.4%
- Disease 13.0%
- Drought 4.4%
- Uneven plant growth 4.4%
- Lodging 13%
- Other 4.4%
- No problem 30.4%

## **#2 Factor**

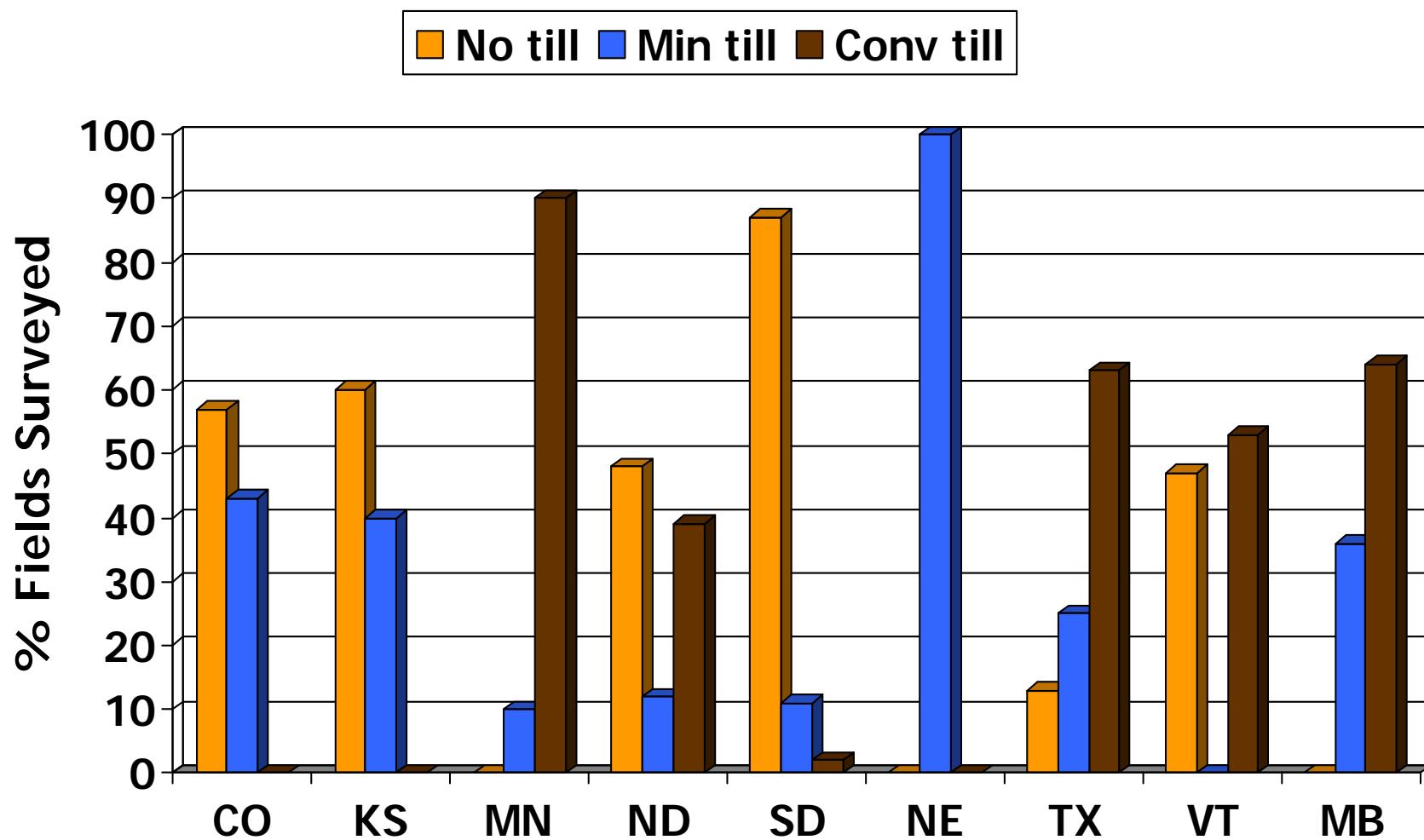
- Plant spacing 13.0
- Birds 8.7
- Disease 4.4
- Drought 8.7
- Insects 4.4
- Lodging 13.0
- Weeds 4.4
- Other 8.7
- No Problem 34.8



# Row Spacing in Sunflower - 2012



# Tillage in Sunflower - 2012

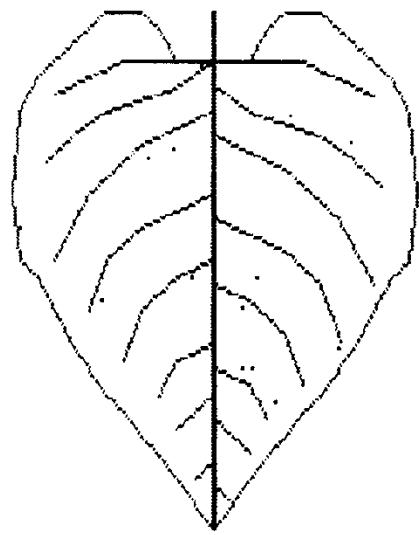


# Rust in Sunflower

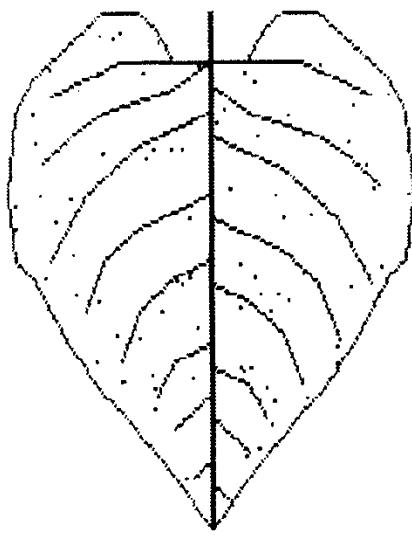




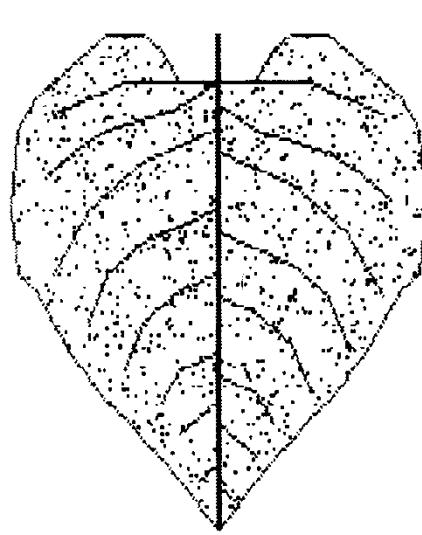
Instructions were examine upper 4 leaves on 5 consecutive plants and determine illustration that best fits average of all plants.



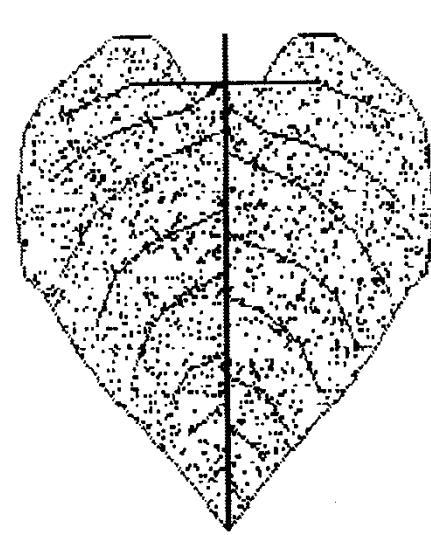
Leaf Area Affected .1%



Leaf Area Affected .5%

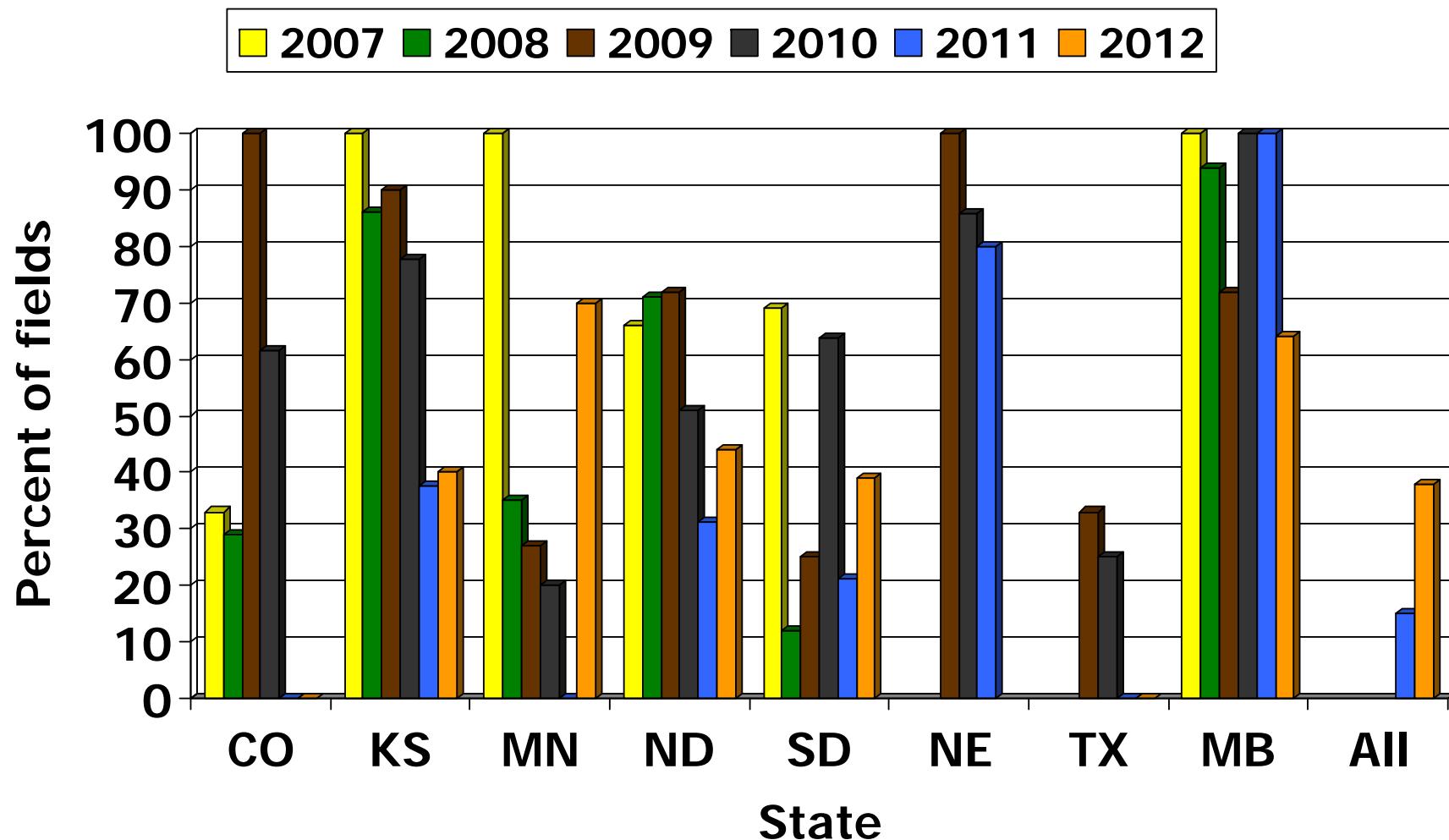


Leaf Area Affected 5%

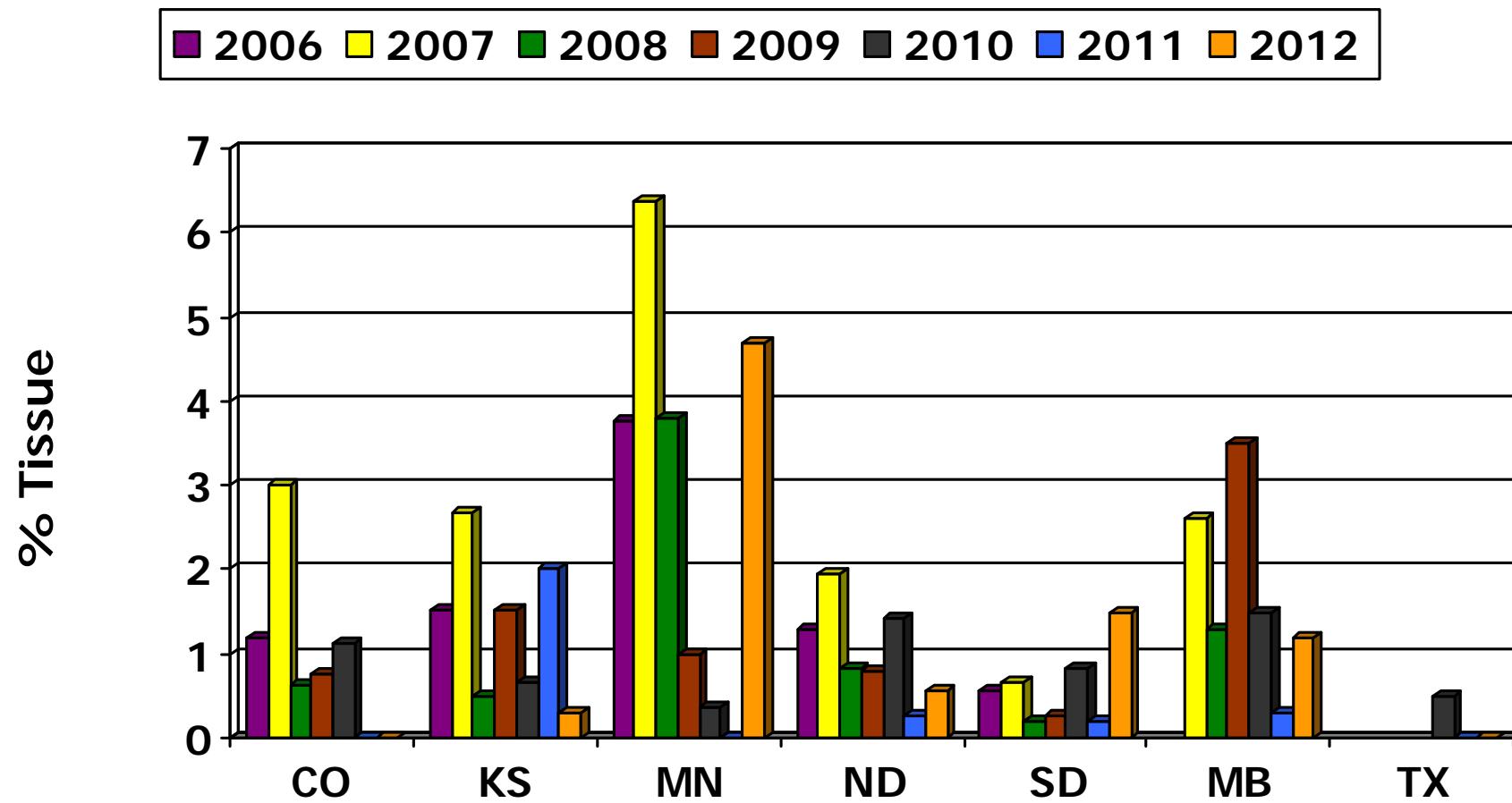


Leaf Area Affected 10%

# Red Rust Incidence in Sunflower

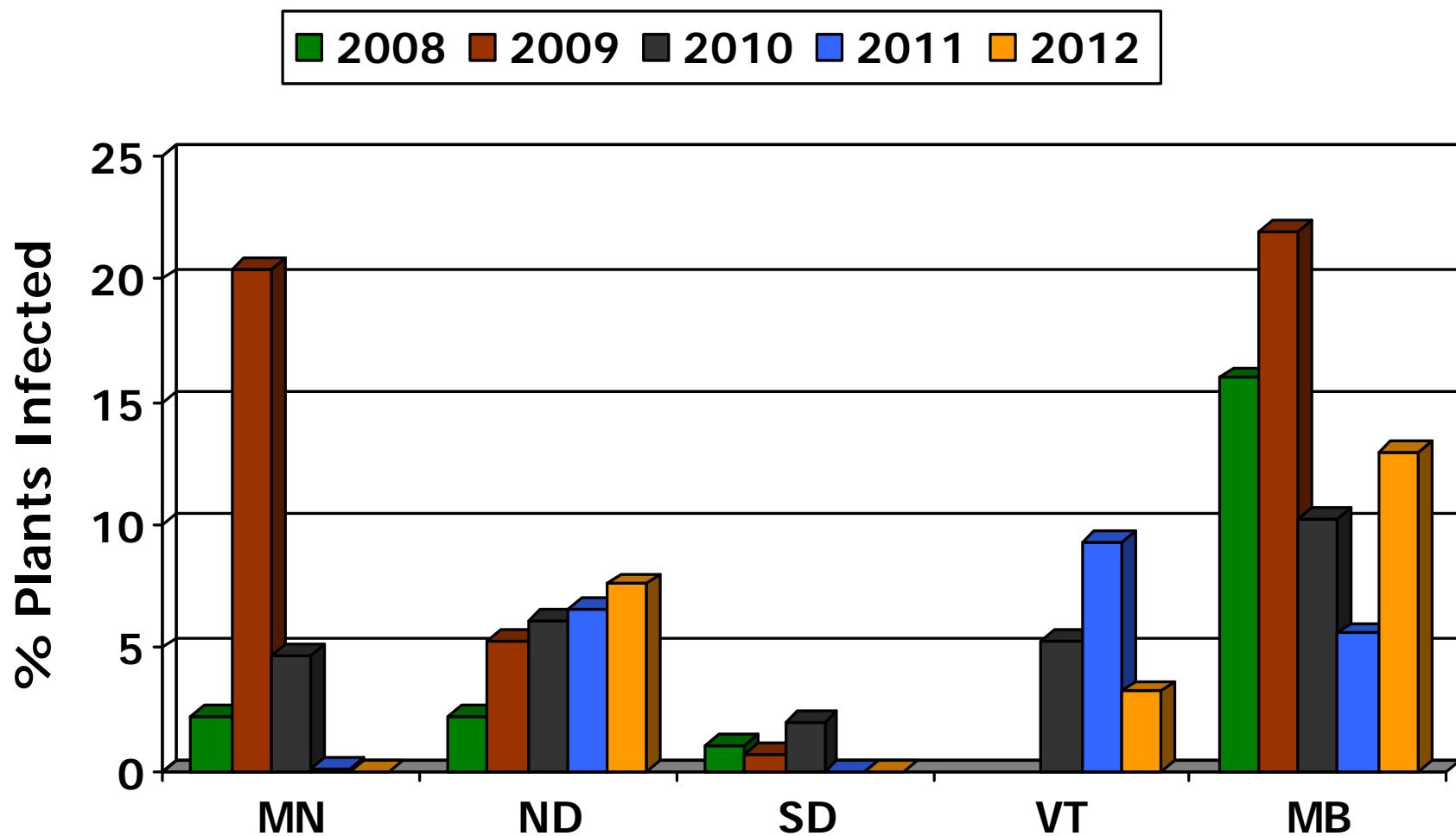


# Red Rust Severity in Sunflower

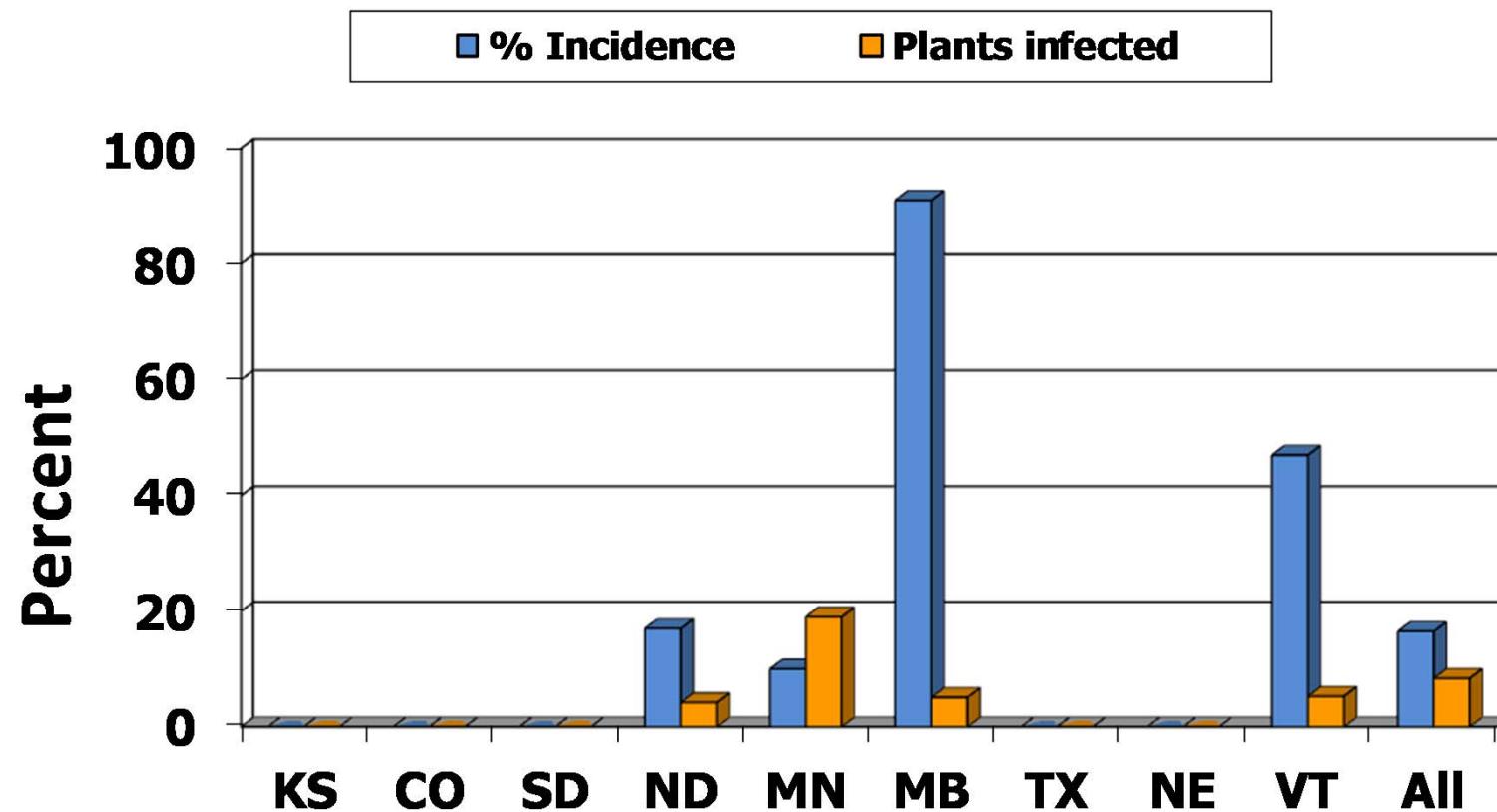


Rust Severity Estimated for Fields Where Incidence Reported

# Sclerotinia Head Rot Severity in Sunflower 2008-2012



# Sclerotinia Stalk Rot Incidence and Severity in Sunflower 2012



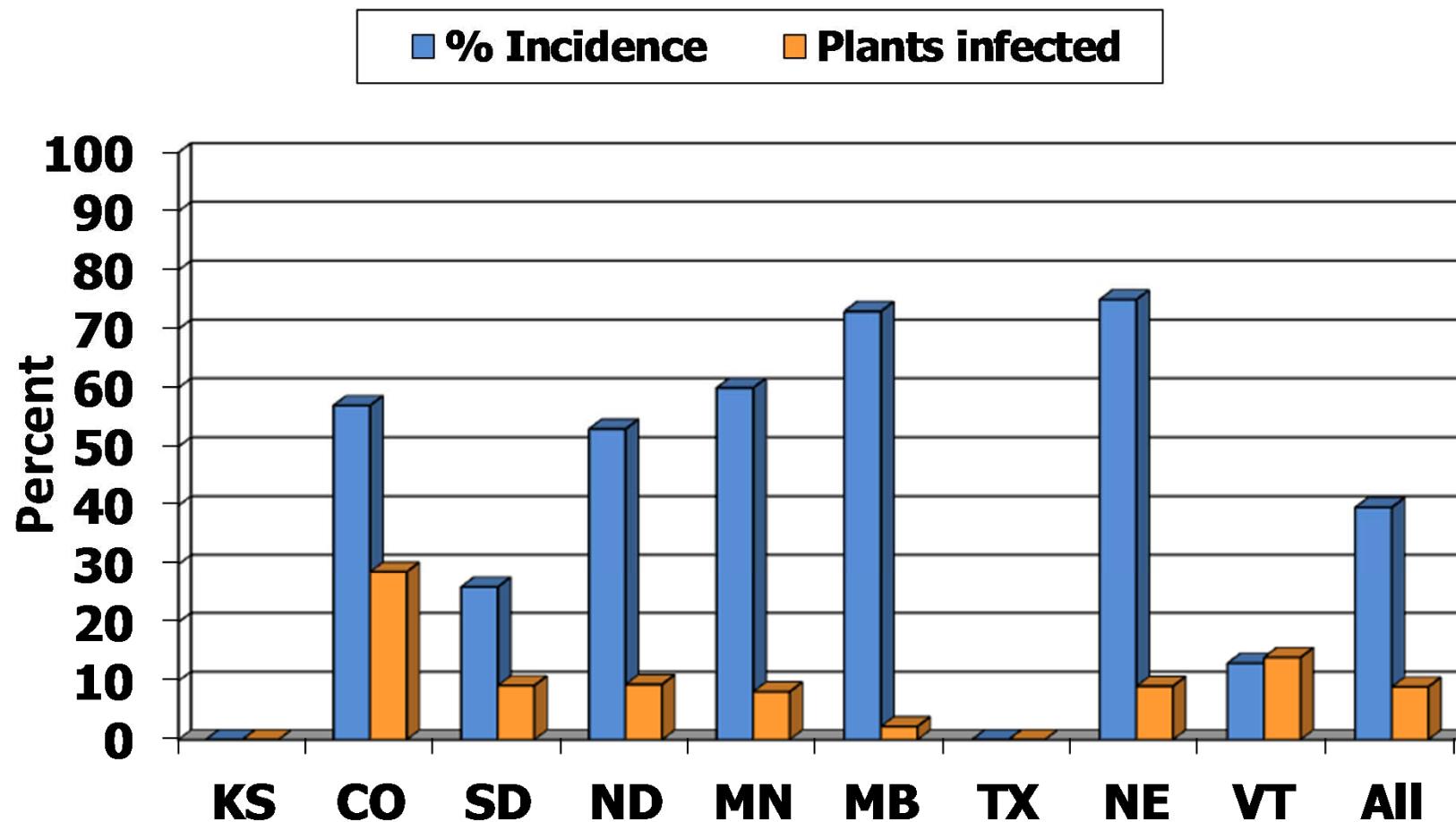
**Phomopsis Stem Canker**



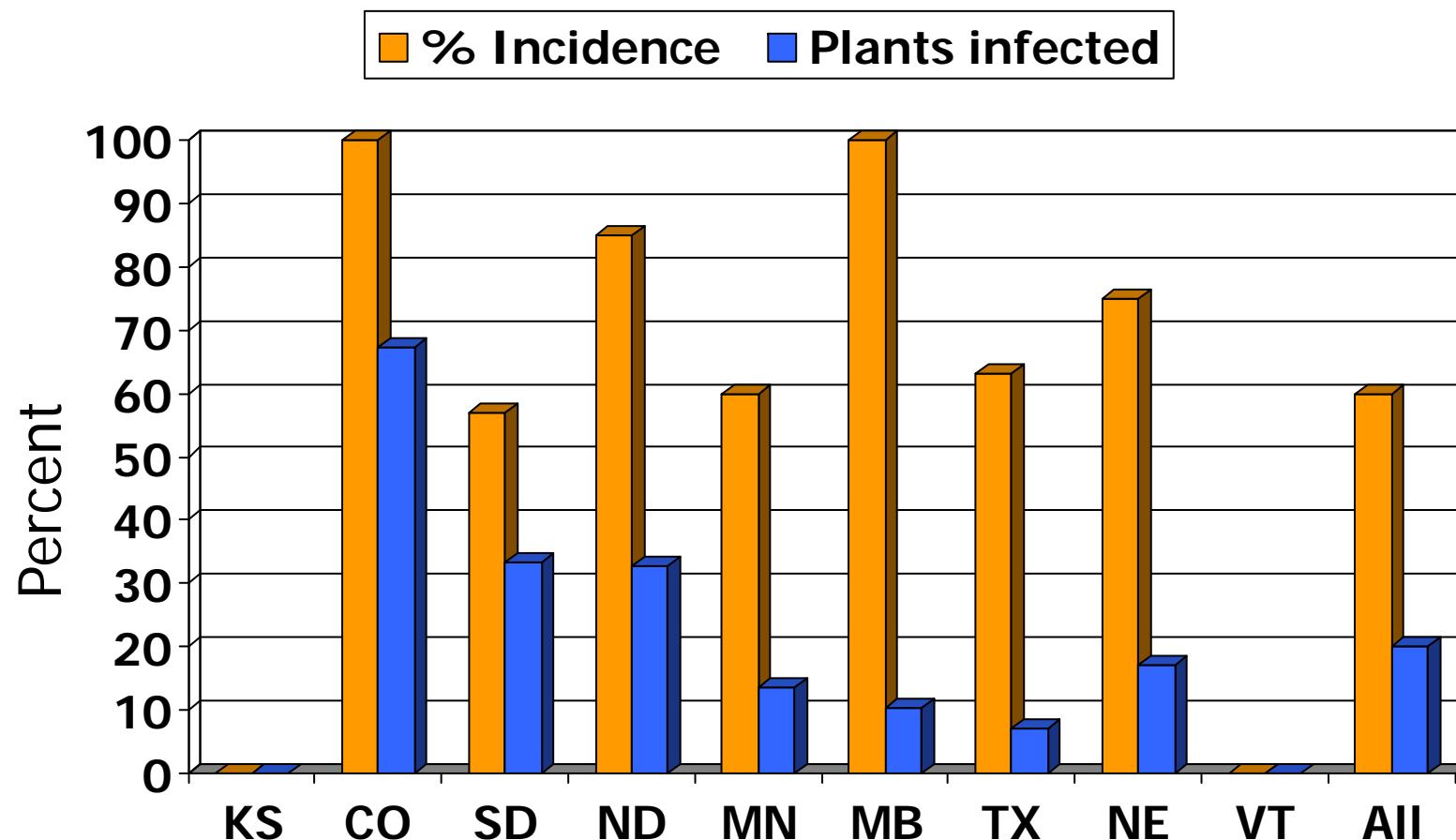
**Phoma**



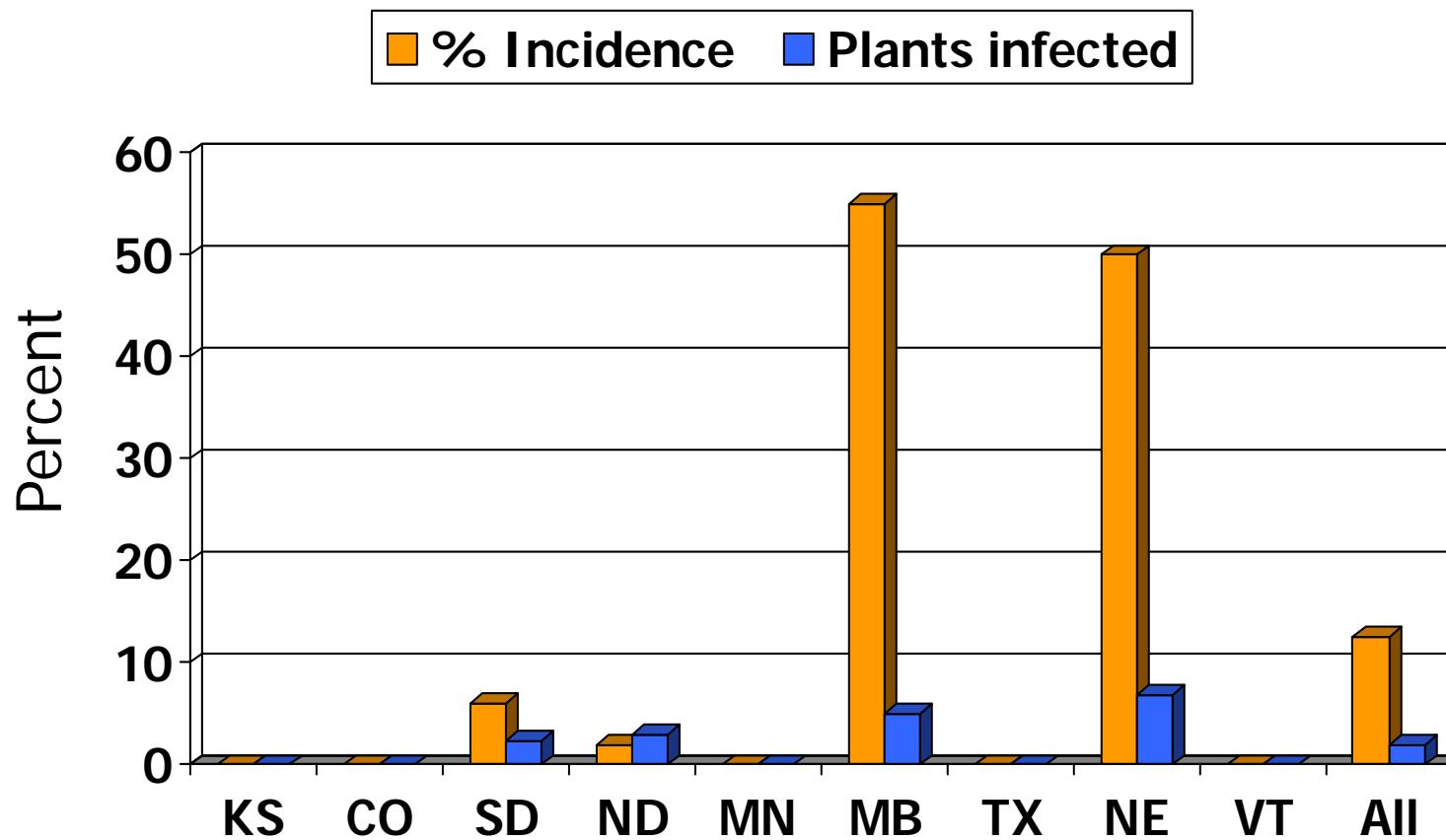
# Phomopsis Incidence and Severity in Sunflower 2012



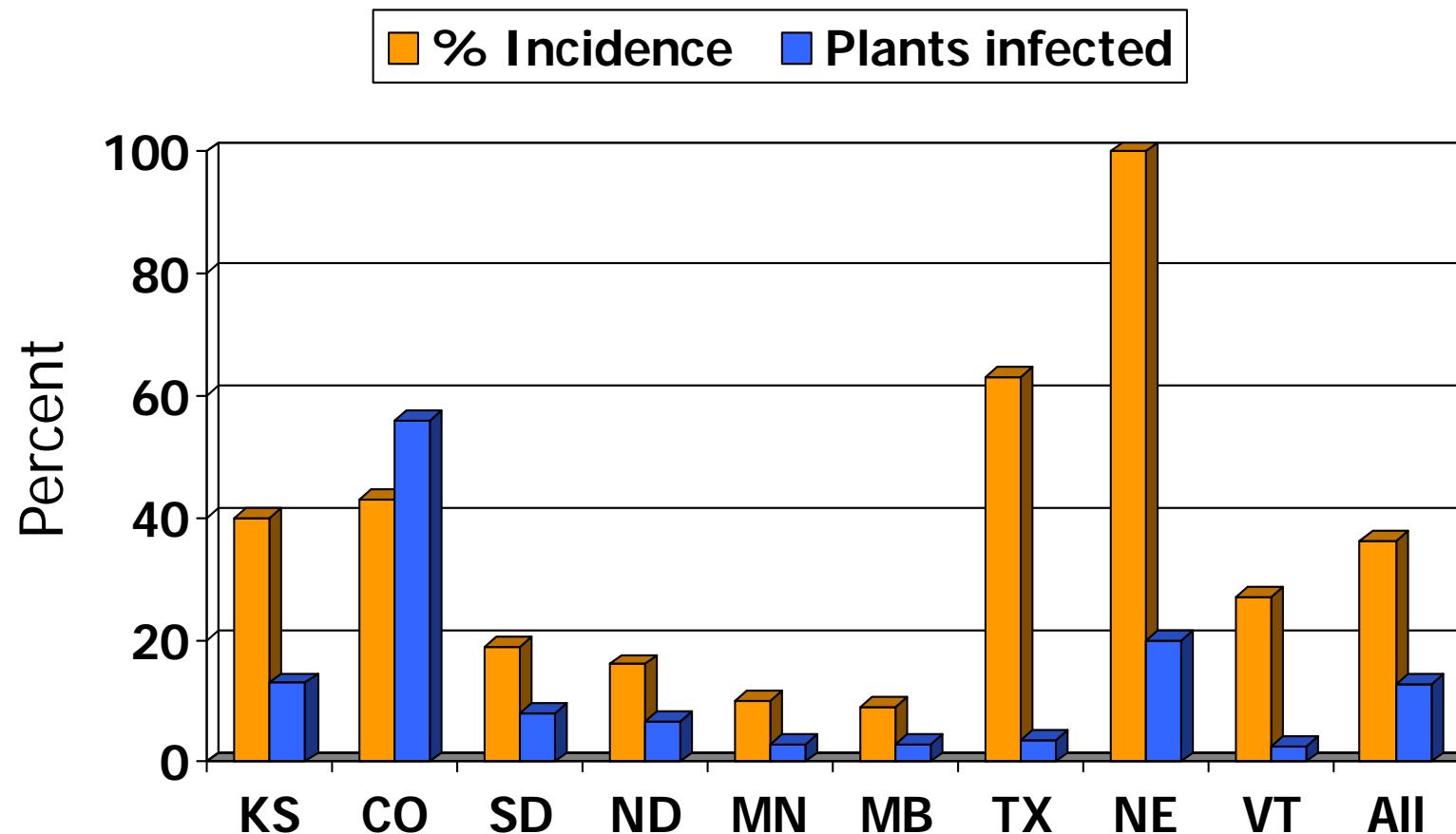
# Phoma Incidence and Severity in Sunflower 2012



# Verticillium Incidence and Severity in Sunflower 2012

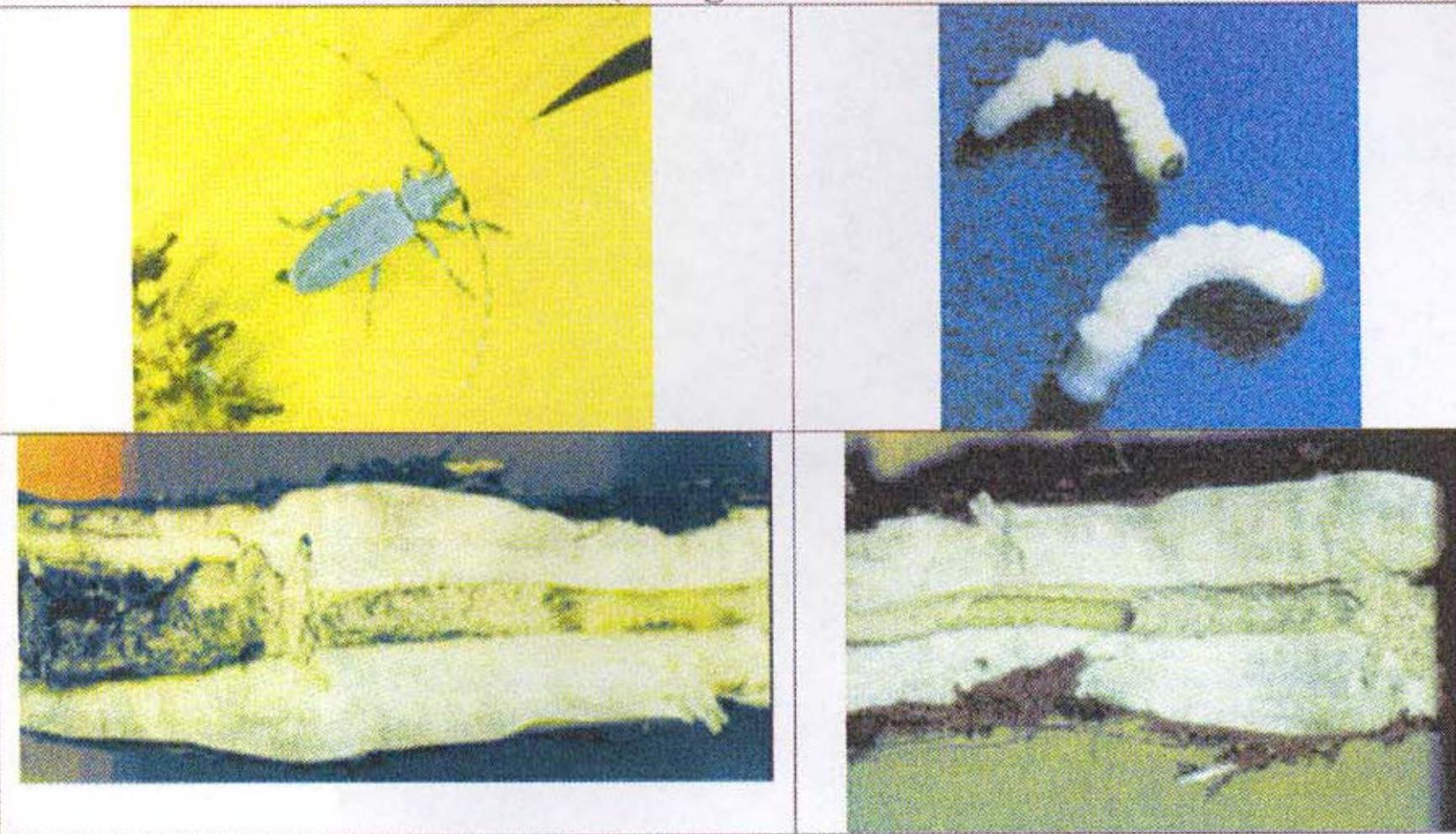


# Rhizopus Incidence and Severity in Sunflower 2012

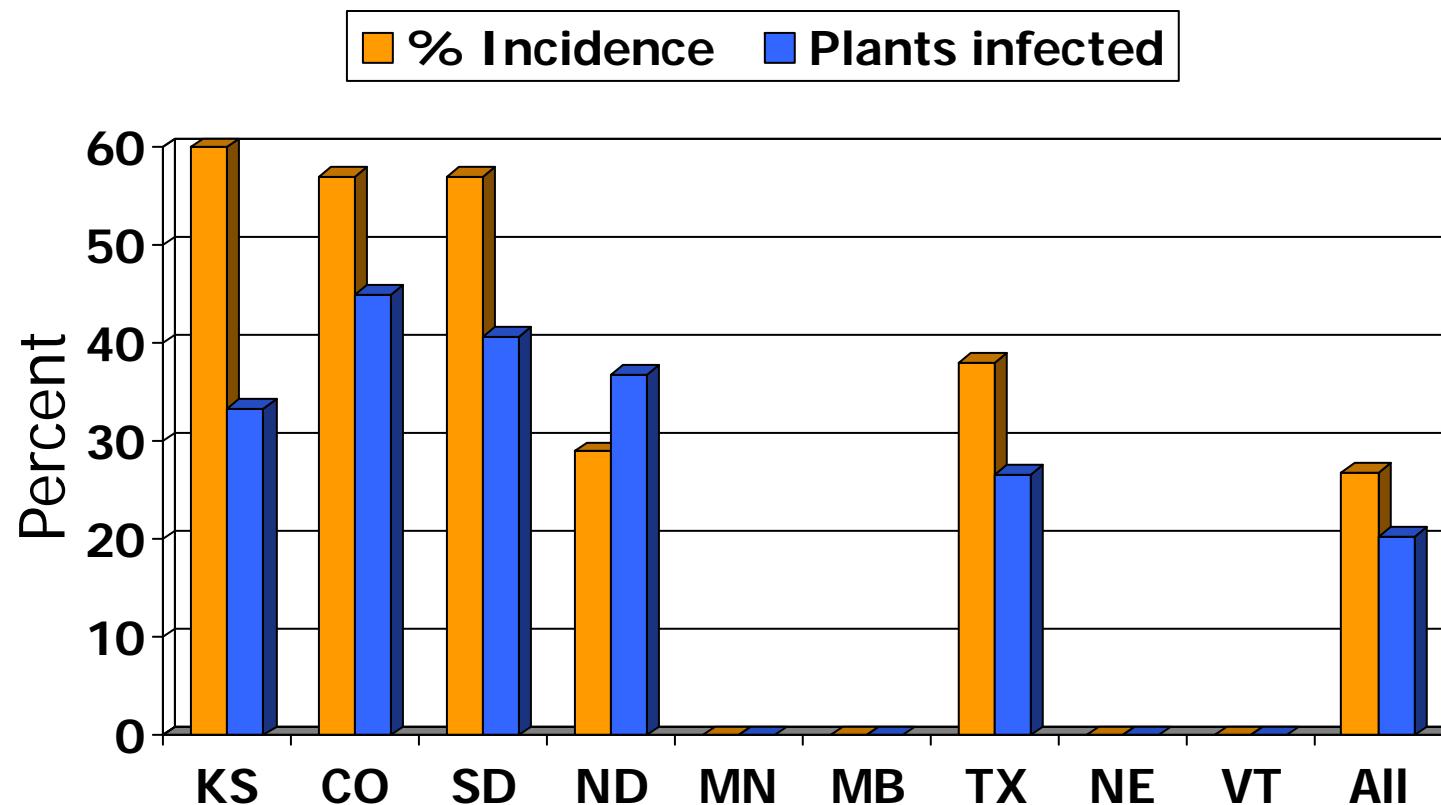


# Dectes

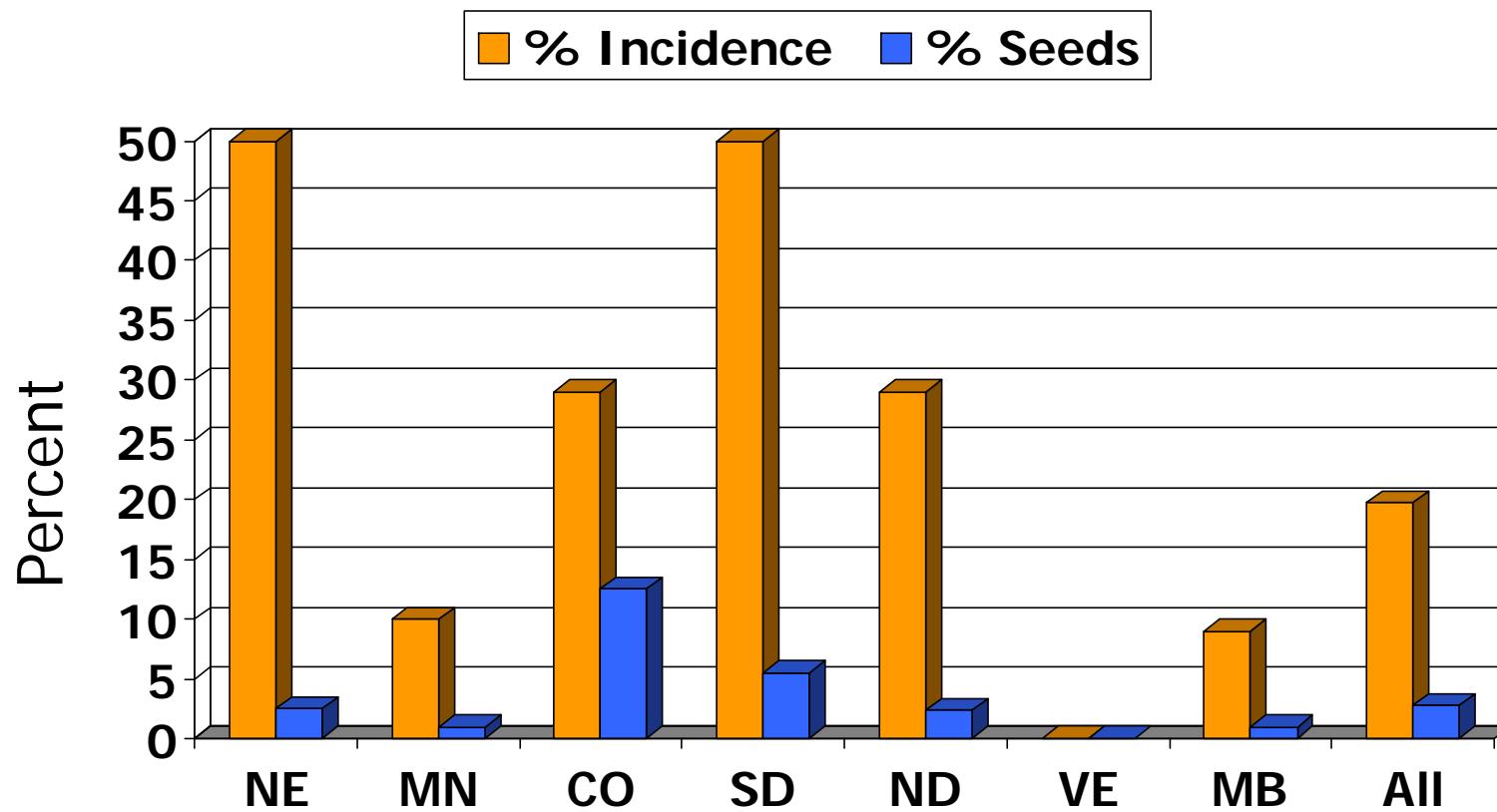
Dectes (Long-horned Beetle)



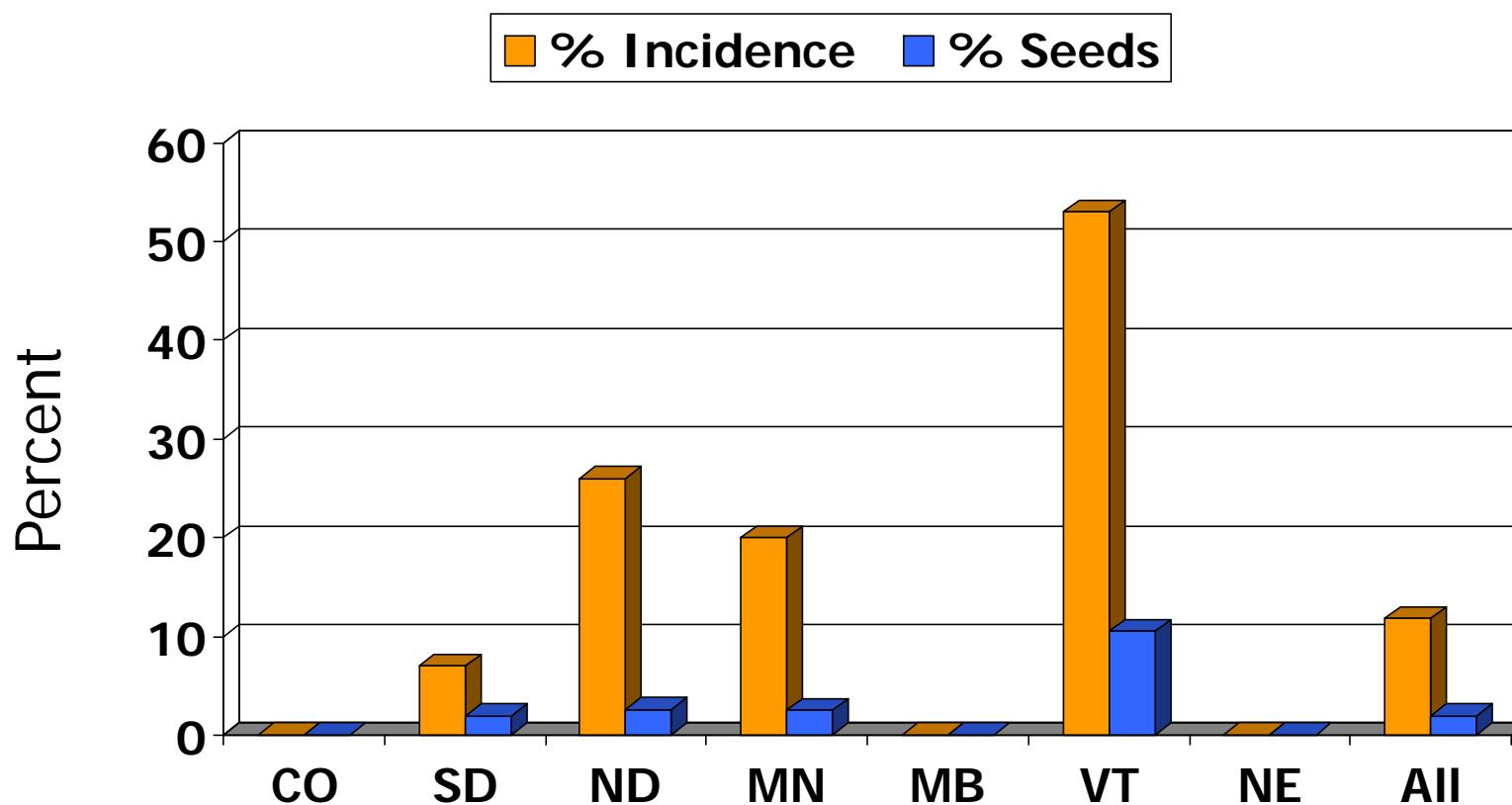
# Long-horned Beetle Incidence and Severity in Sunflower 2012



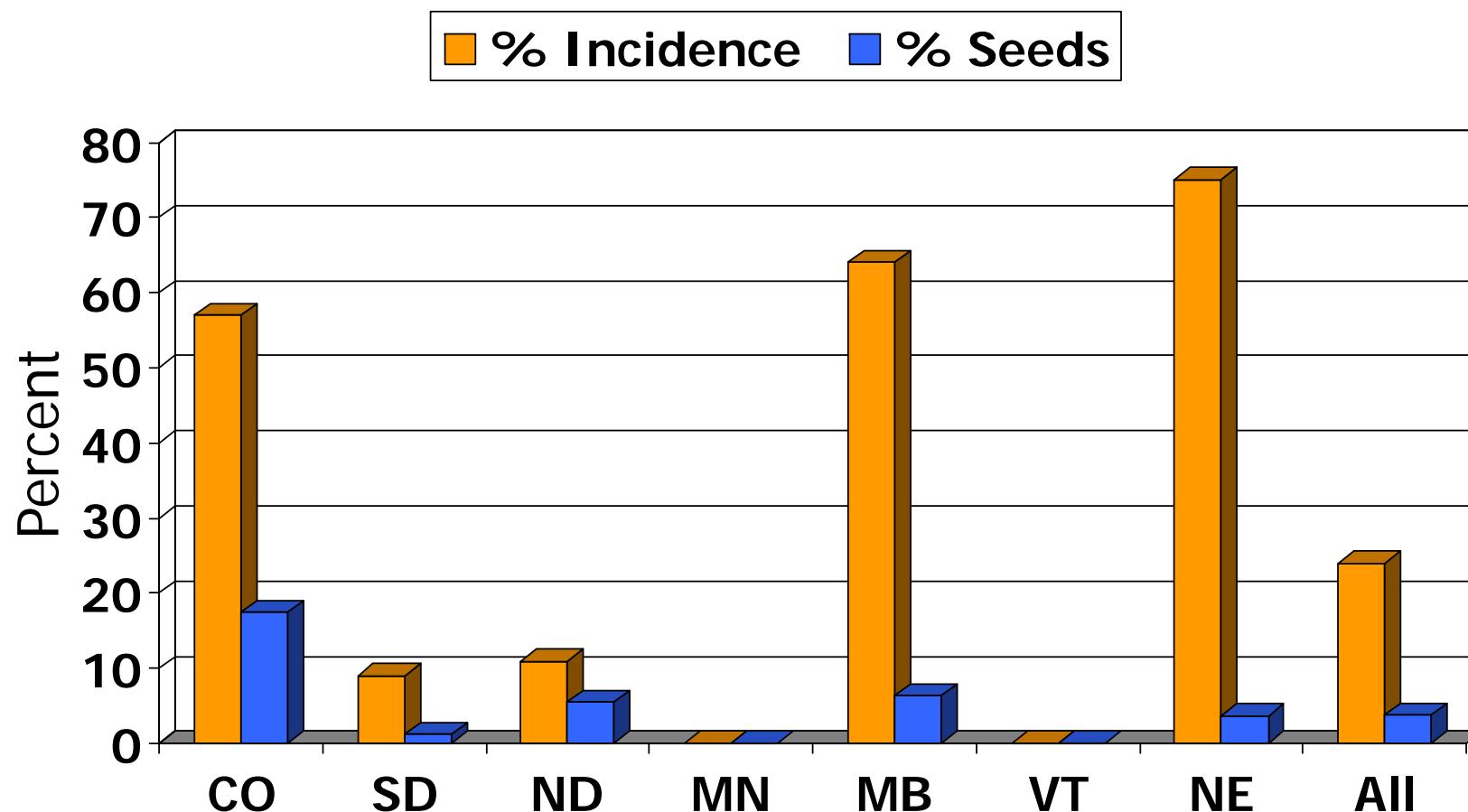
# Seed Weevil Incidence and Severity in Sunflower 2012



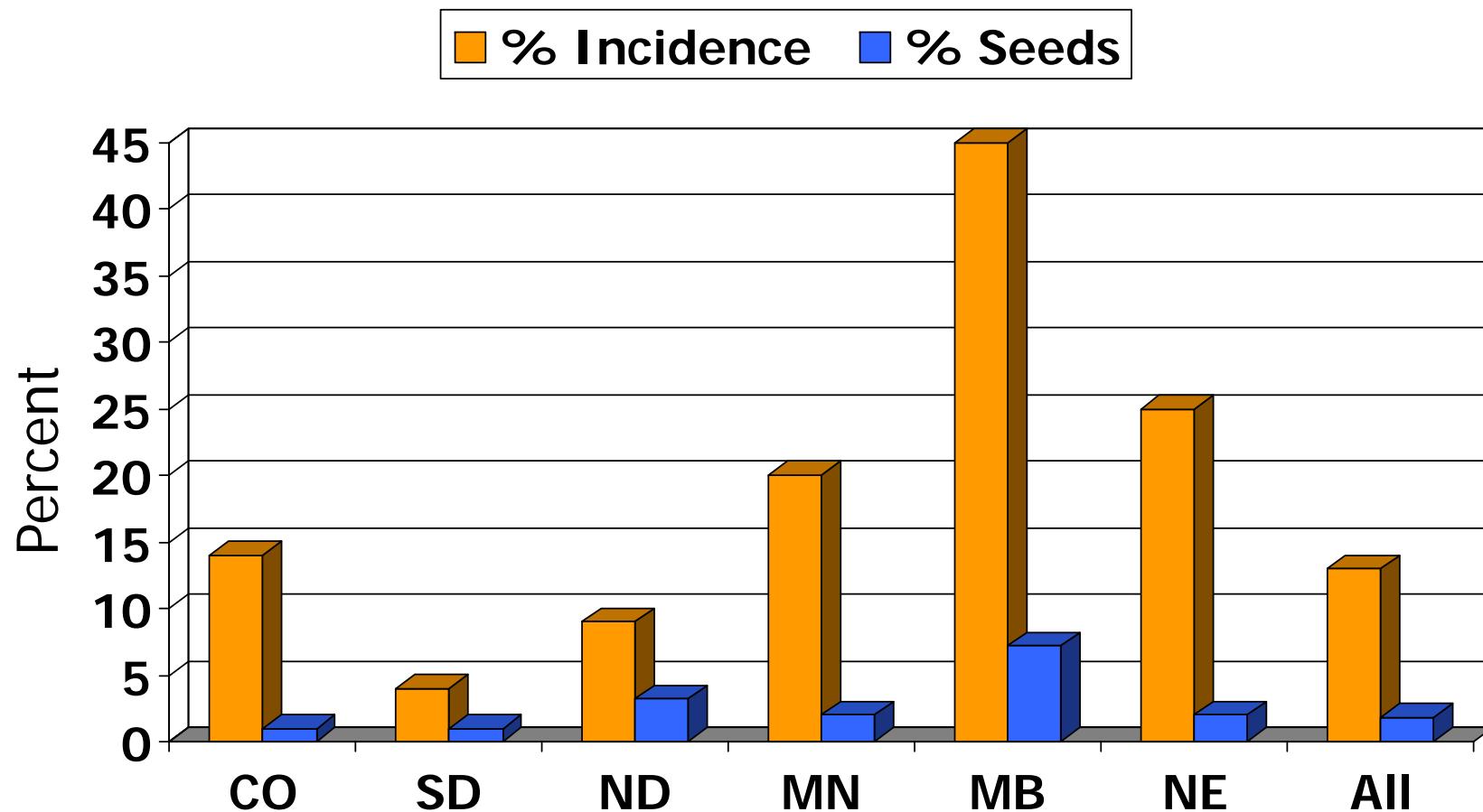
# Banded Sunflower Moth Incidence and Severity in 2012



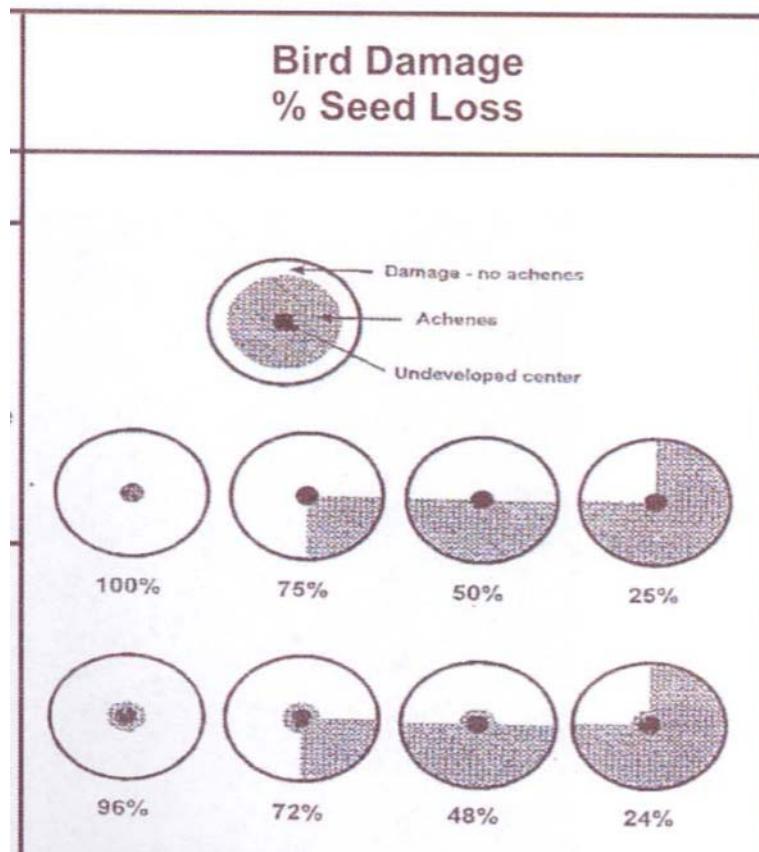
# Sunflower Moth Incidence and Severity in Sunflower 2012



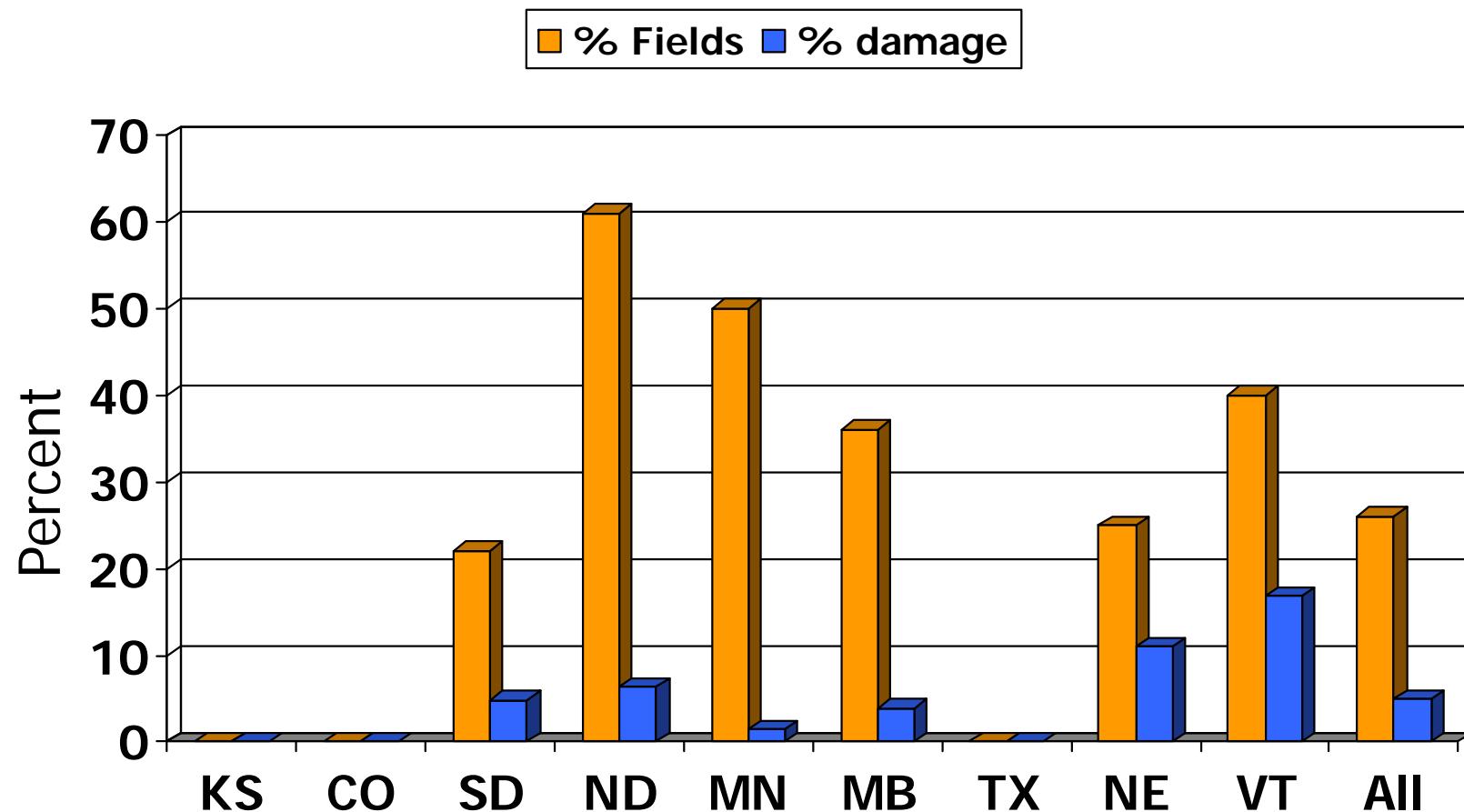
# Brown Spot Incidence and Severity in 2012 (confectionary)



# Recording observations



# Bird Incidence and Severity in Sunflower 2012



# Top Weeds Observed: 2012

## North Dakota

- Biennial wormwood
- Canada thistle
- Cockle Bur
- Lambsquarter
- Kochia
- Red root Pig Weed
- Russian thistle
- Rag weed-common
- Foxtail green & yellow

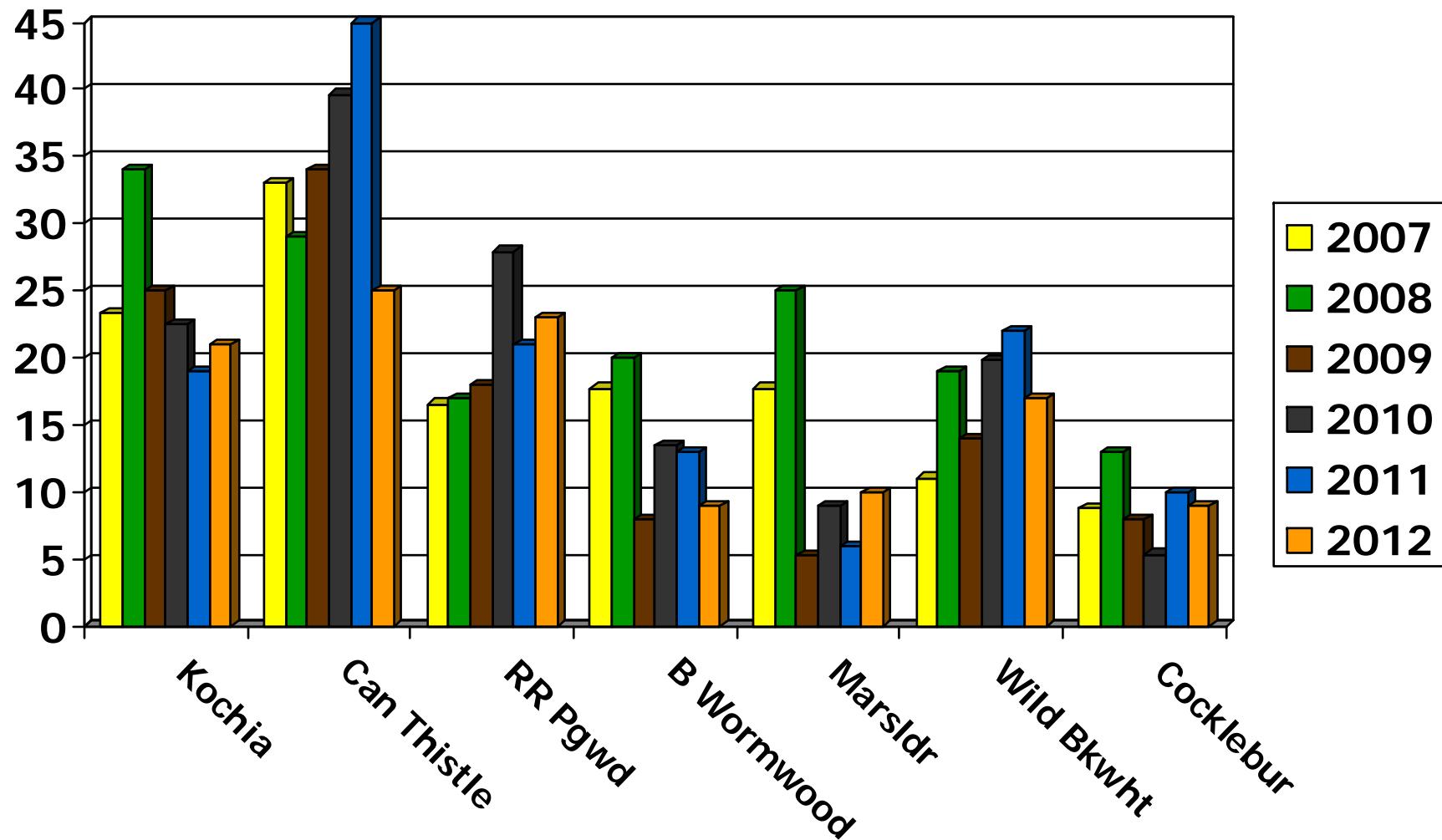
## Minnesota

- Biennial wormwood
- Canada thistle
- Lambsquarter
- Marsh elder
- Rag weed-common
- Field sandbur
- Foxtail green

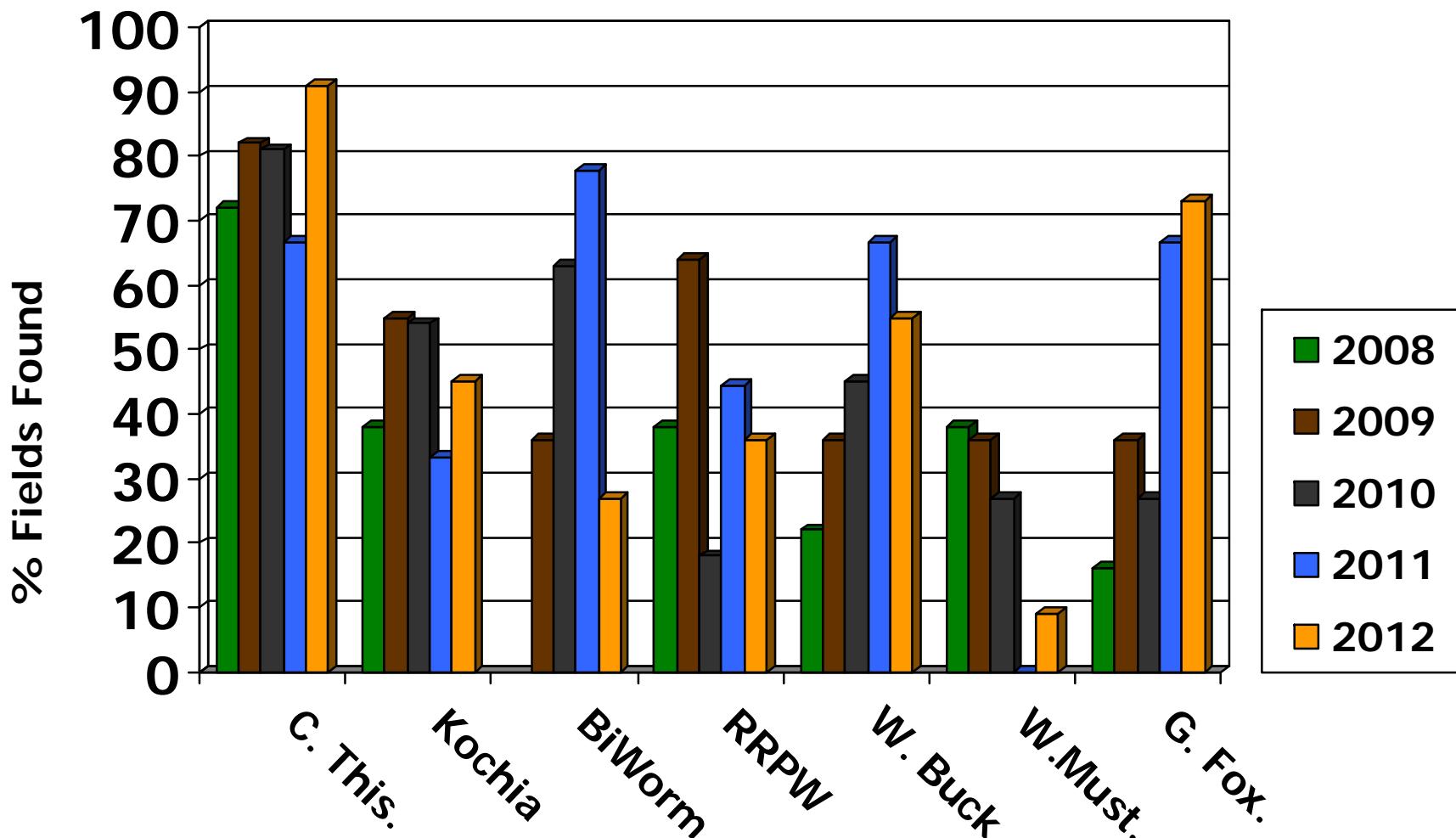


# Incidence of Broadleaf Weeds

## ND/MN 2007-2012



# Incidence of Weeds Observed in Manitoba 2008-2012



# Top Five Weeds in South Dakota 2010-2012

## 2010

- Green foxtail
- Kochia
- Redroot pigweed
- Russian thistle
- Cocklebur

## 2011

- Kochia
- Lanceleaf sage
- Redroot pigweed
- Russian thistle
- Green foxtail

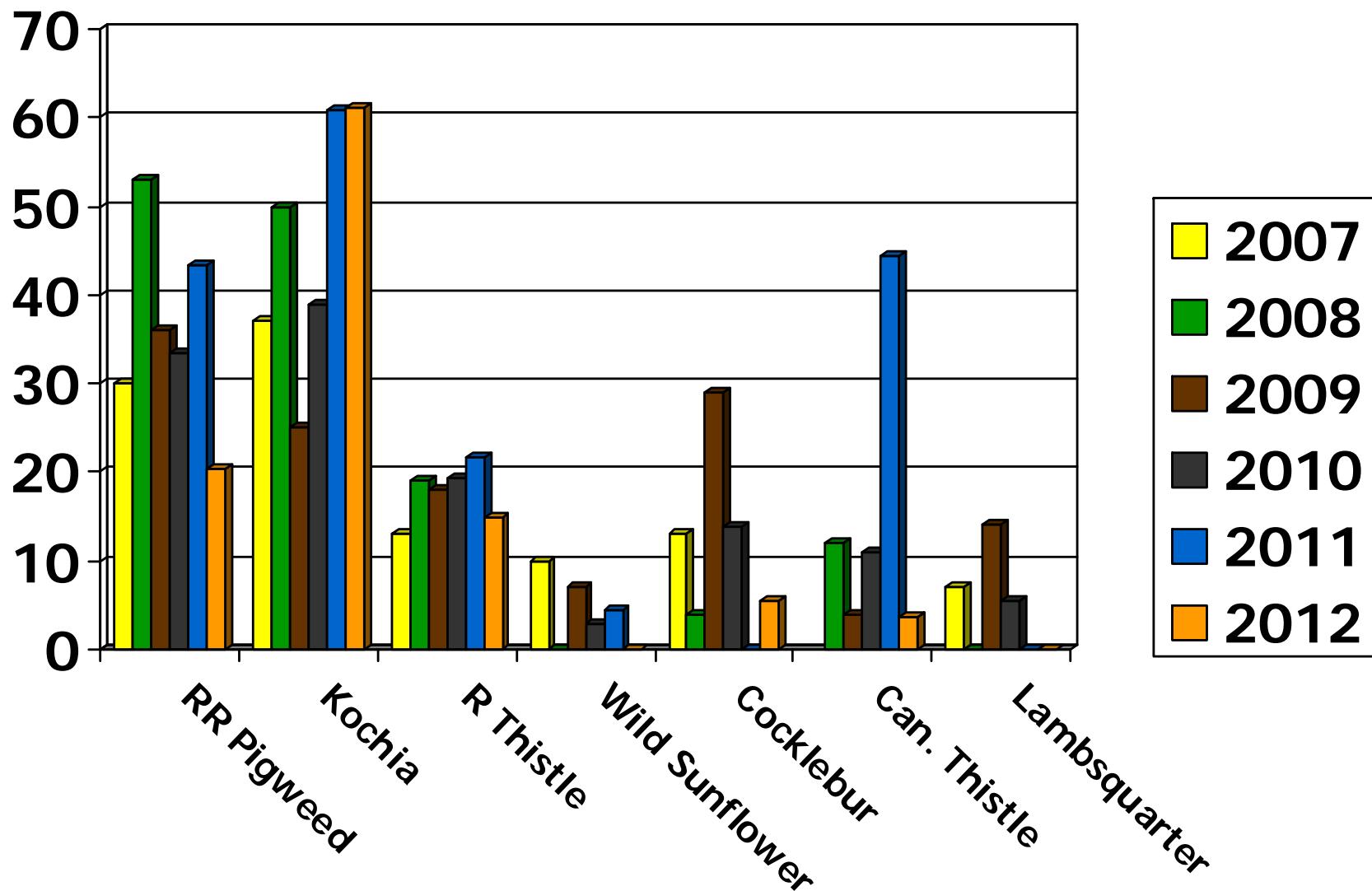
## 2012

- Kochia
- Lanceleaf sage
- Redroot pigweed
- Russian thistle
- Green foxtail
- Yellow foxtail



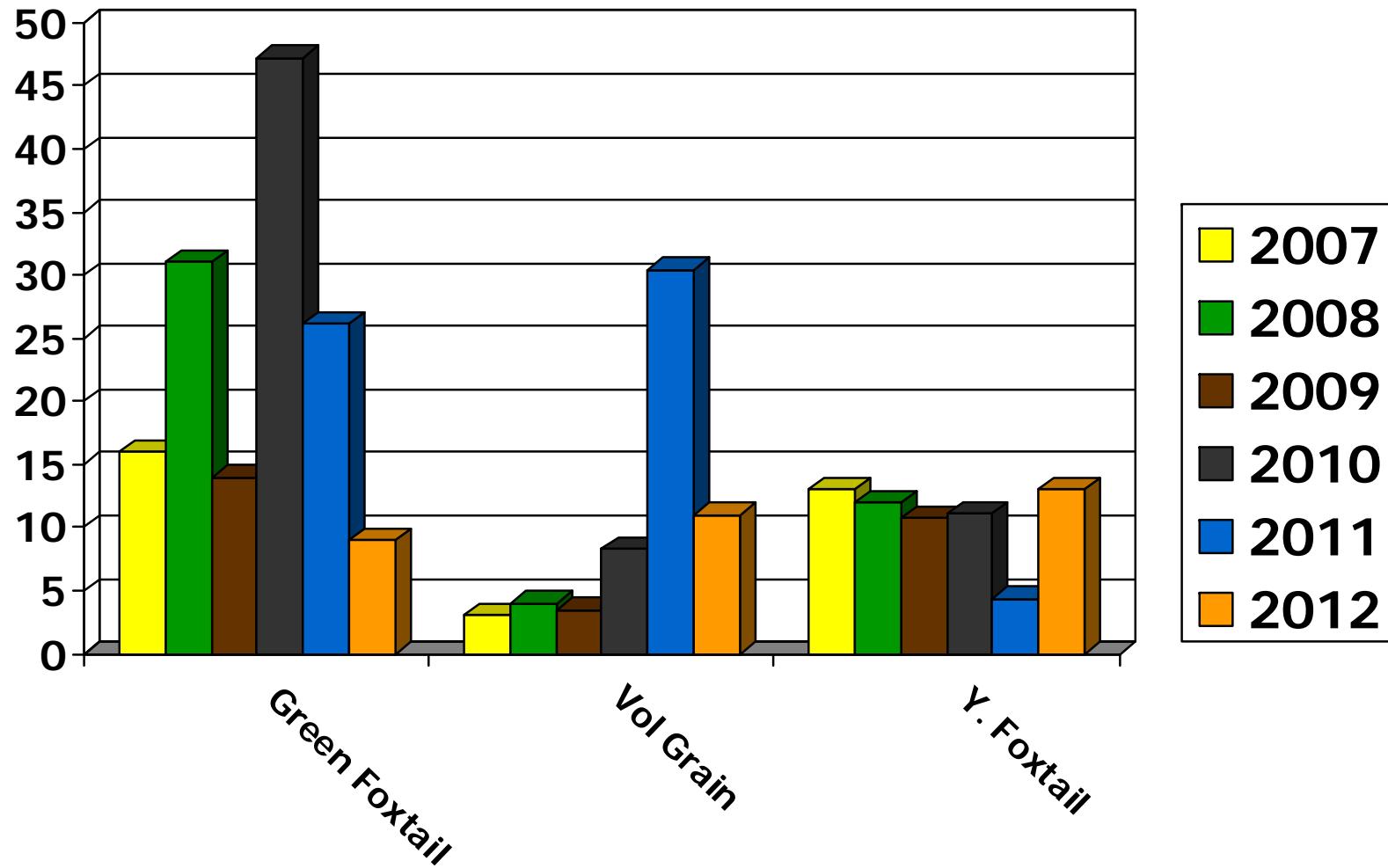
# Incidence of Broadleaf Weeds

## South Dakota 2007-2012



# Incidence of Grassy Weeds

## South Dakota 2007 - 2012



# Top Weeds Observed: 2012

## Colorado

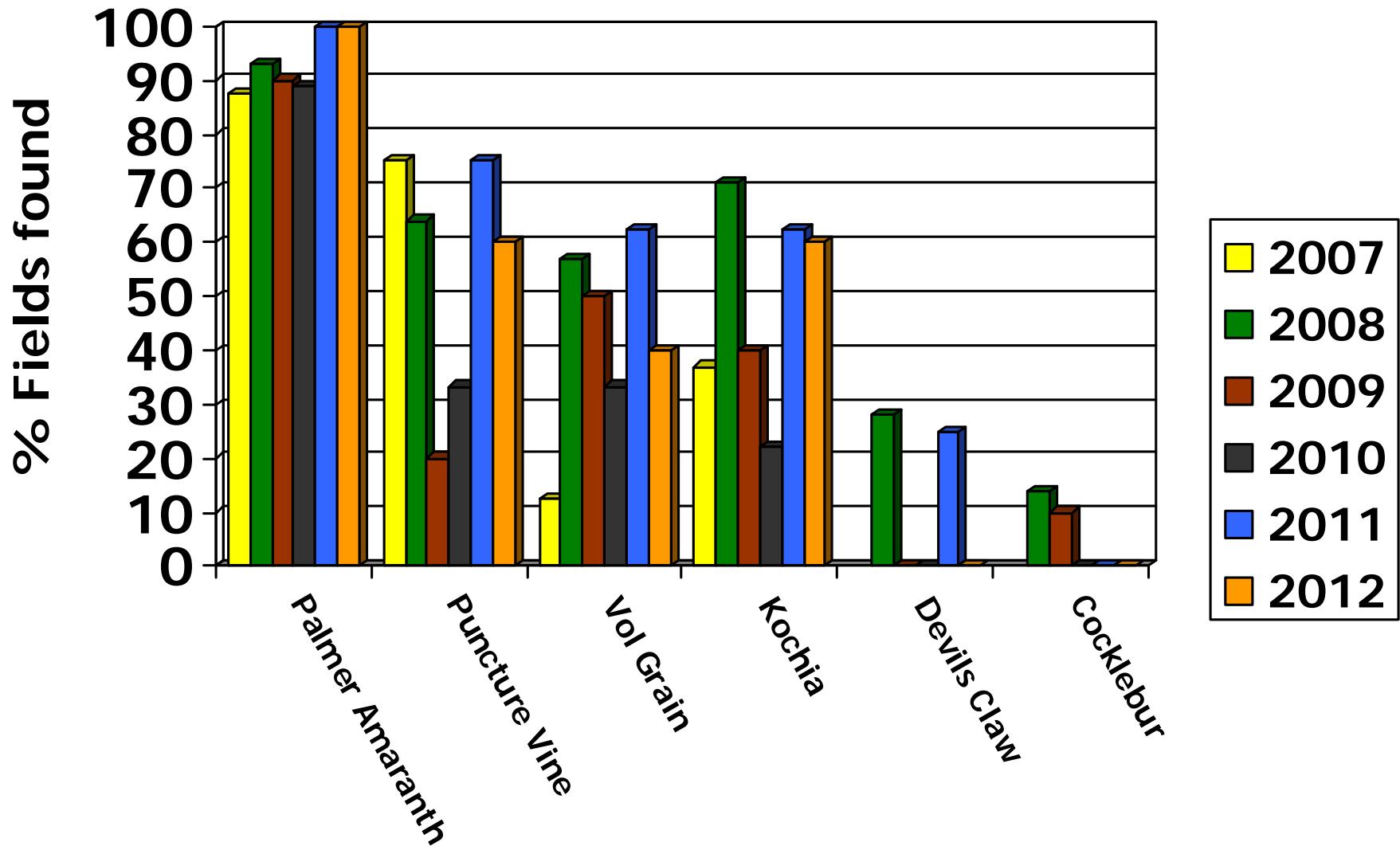
- Red root pig weed
- Kochia
- Puncture vine
- Russian thistle
- Nightshade
- Lanceleaf sage

## Kansas

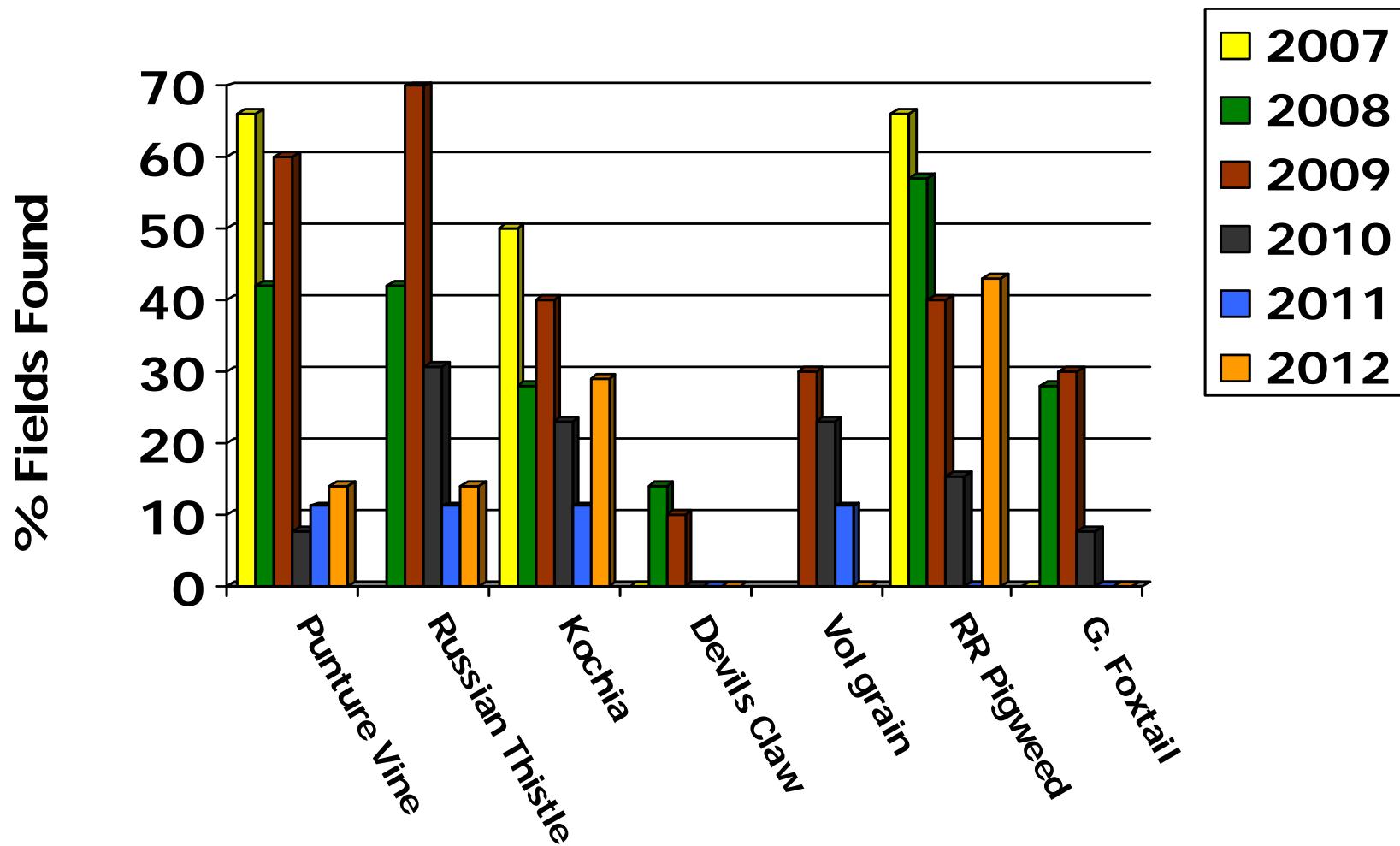
- Palmer amaranth
- Puncture vine
- Volunteer grain
- Kochia



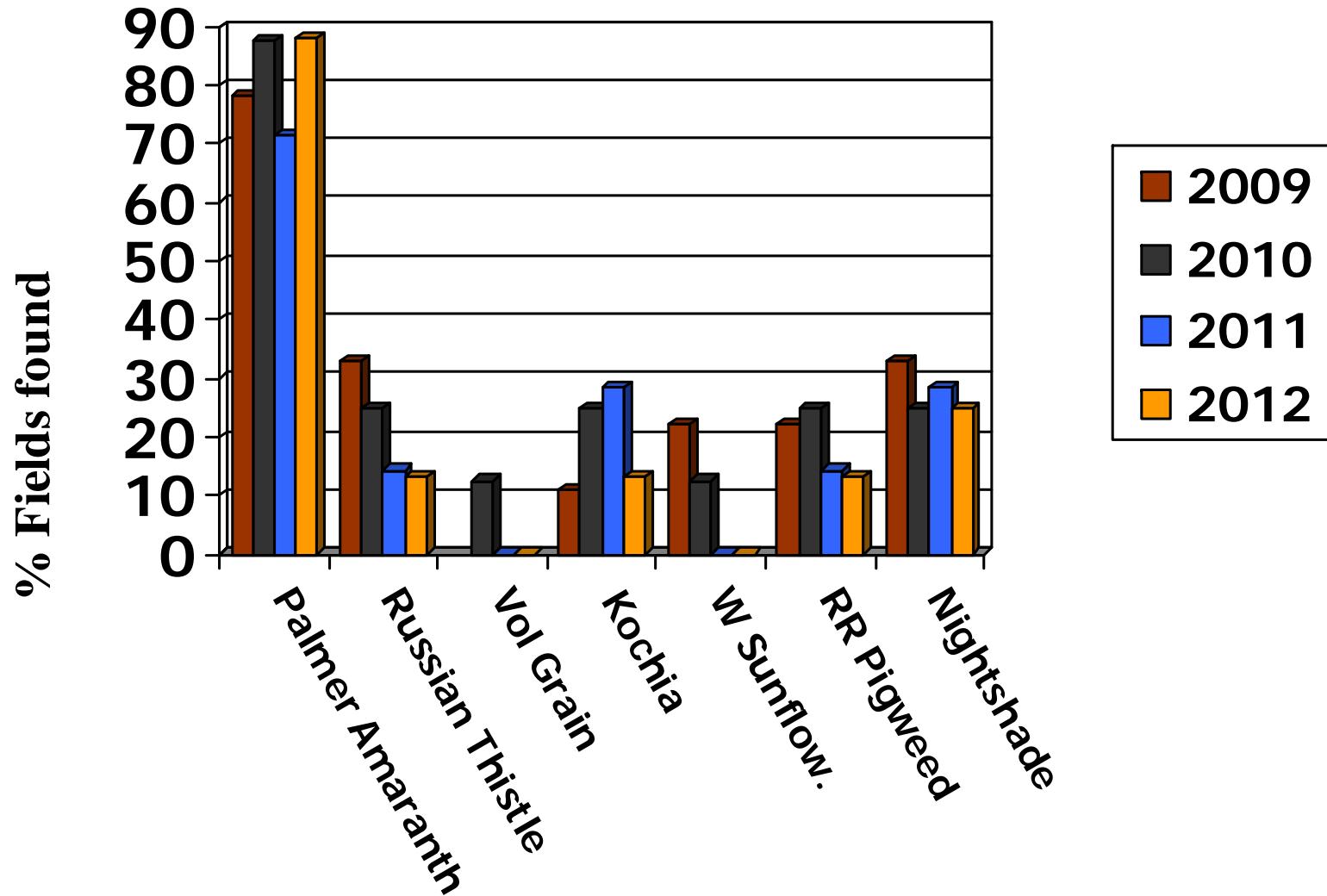
# Incidence of Weeds in Kansas



# Incidence of Weeds in Colorado 2007-2012



# Incidence of Weeds in Texas



# Conclusions and Summary of 2012 National Sunflower Survey

- Main yield limiting factors in ND were, drought, plant spacing (within the row), diseases, and birds.
- Main yields limiting factors in SD were plant spacing, disease and lodging.
- Main Yield limiting factors in Minnesota were plant spacing within the row and bird damage.



*2012 Sunflower Survey  
Sponsored by the National  
Sunflower Association*

