



Updates on Sunflower Rust and Downy Mildew Races in Manitoba



Khalid Y. Rashid

AAFC, Morden Research Station

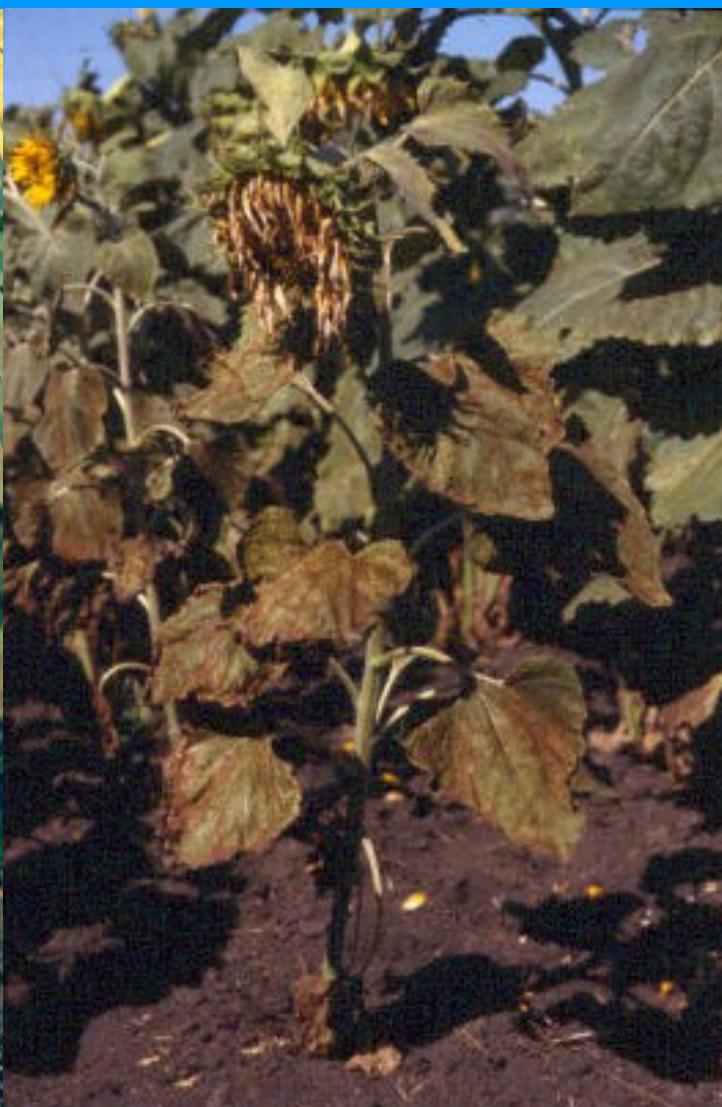
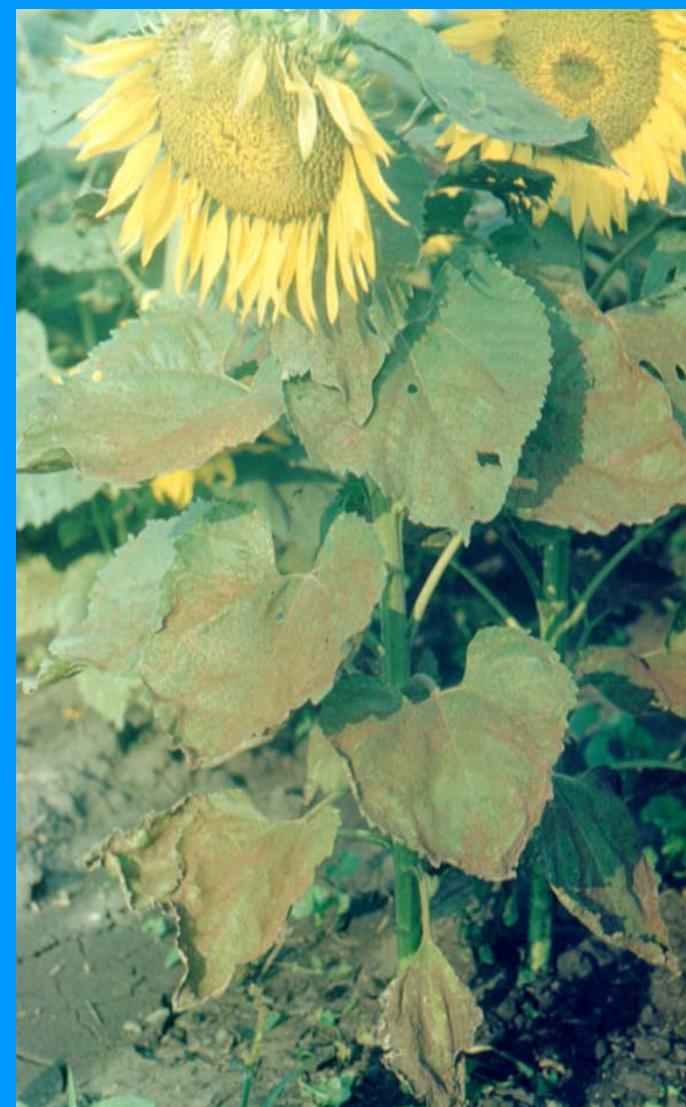


Sunflower rust severity

Mid-season

Late-season

>50% LAI



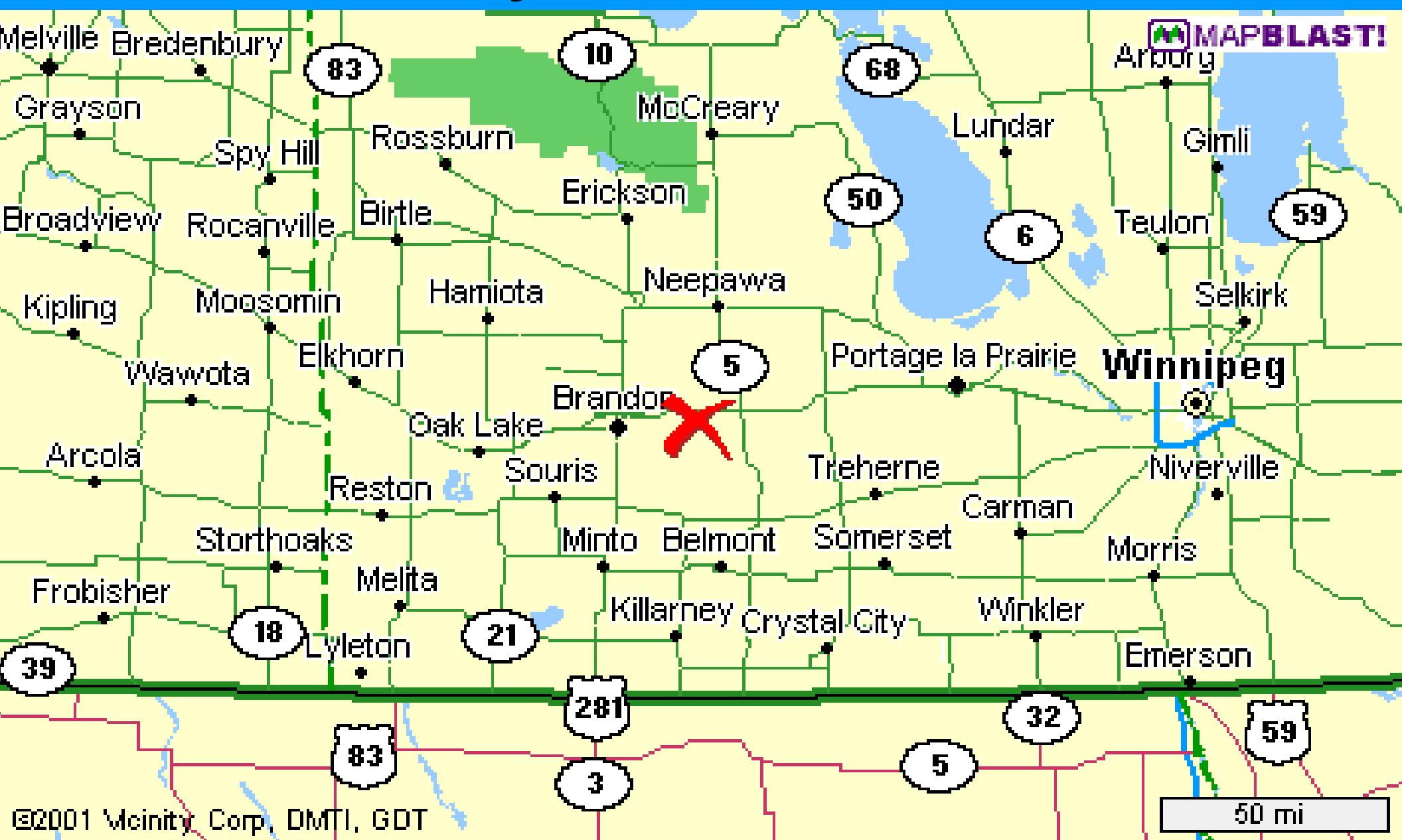
Prevalence and Severity of Rust

Year	Infested Fields % of Total	Mean Disease % LAI	Range %LAI	Prevalent Races
2007	57	10	T- 50	300 (3) & 700 (4)
2006	66	6	T- 40	300 & 700
2005	27	8	T- 30	300 , 700
2004	60	8	T- 30	300, 100, 700
2003	65	25	T- 80	300 , 700
2002	50	15	T- 80	Na
2001	27	8	T- 20	Na
2000	40	15	T- 60	Na
1999	60	5	T- 20	Na

Materials & Methods

- Continuous study
- Collect samples of rust from infected sunflower fields
- Bulk samples, Increase small samples indoor.
- Test each sample on a set of 9 sunflower rust differential lines.
 - Controlled growth room conditions, 16hrs day.
 - Inoculate at 2-wk old seedling.
 - Incubate for 20 hrs at High RH, 20°C.
 - Assess for Infection Type & Severity after 12 days.
- Determine levels of susceptibility and resistance
- Determine Race identity of each rust sample collected.

Area Surveyed in Southern Manitoba



Rust Races and Prevalence, 2004

Sunflower Differential Lines	Rust Races, Prevalence, and Virulence							
	106	126	306	320	326	336	726	727
	5%	15%	5%	5%	55%	5%	10%	5%
S-37-388	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CM-90RR	R	R	S	S	S	S	S	S
MC-29-3	R	R	R	R	R	R	S	S
P-386	R	R	R	R	R	S	R	S
HA-R1	R	S	R	S	S	S	S	S
HA-R2	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	S
HA-R3	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
HA-R4	S	S	S	R	S	S	S	S
HA-R5	S	S	S	R	S	S	S	S

Rust Races and Prevalence, 2005

Sunflower Differential Lines	Rust Races, Prevalence, and Virulence						
	326	336	337	376	726	776	777
61%	18%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%
S-37-388	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CM-90RR	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
MC-29-3	R	R	R	R	S	S	S
P-386	R	S	S	S	R	S	S
HA-R1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
HA-R2	R	R	R	S	R	S	S
HA-R3	R	R	S	R	R	R	S
HA-R4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
HA-R5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Rust Races and Prevalence, 2006

Sunflower Differential Lines	Rust Races, Prevalence, and Virulence								
	520	320	324	326	334	336	337	365	734
4%	4%	40%	4%	12%	12%	4%	8%	12%	
S-37-388	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
CM-90RR	R	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
MC-29-3	S	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	S
P-386	R	R	R	R	S	S	S	R	S
HA-R1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
HA-R2	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	S	R
HA-R3	R	R	R	R	R	R	S	S	R
HA-R4	R	R	R	S	R	S	S	R	R
HA-R5	R	R	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Rust Races and Prevalence, 2007

Prevalent Rust Races 2004-07

Year	Race 100 (1)	Race 300 (3)	Race 500 (2)	Race 700 (4)
2004	20%	65%	0	15%
Prevalent Races	126	326	-	726
2005	0	87%	0	13%
Prevalent Races	-	326	-	726
2006	0	84%	4%	12%
Prevalent Races	-	324	520	734
2007	0	88%	4	8%
Prevalent Races	-	326	536	736

Conclusions

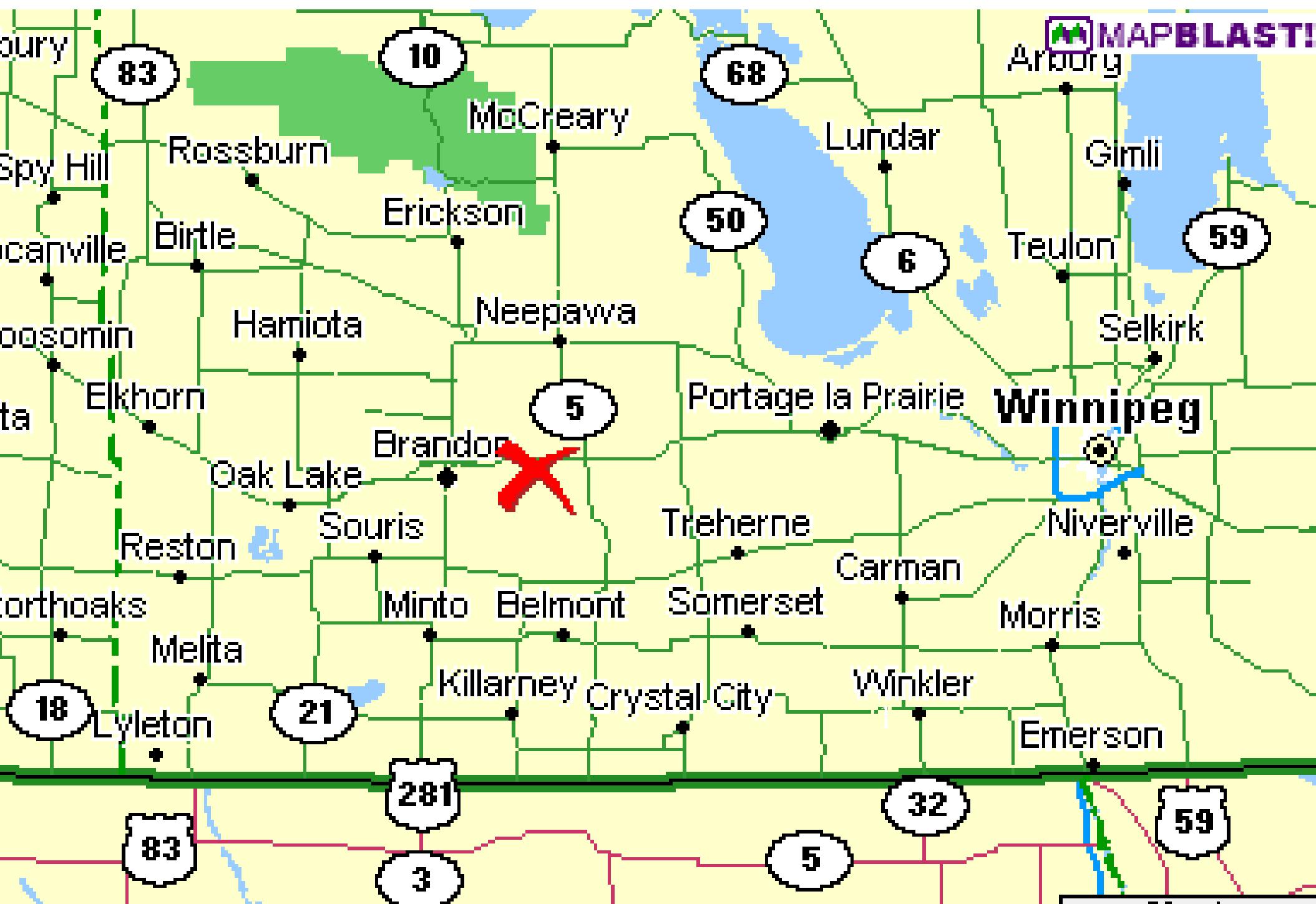
- Major shift in sunflower rust races
- Low frequency of Race 100 (original race 1)
- Low frequency of Race 500 (original race 2)
- High frequency of race group 300 (original race 3)
- Moderate frequency of race group 700 (old Race 4)
- Most commercial sunflower hybrids lack resistance to New Races.

**Downy mildew (*Plasmopara Halstedii*)
soil- and seed-borne pathogen
Systemic infection through roots**

>70% Infected plants



MAPBLAST!



Prevalence and Severity of Downy mildew

Year	Infested Fields % of Total	Mean Disease % inf. plts	Range % Inf.Plt	Prevalent Races
2007	81	8	T- 30	700, 300, 500
2006	42	5	T- 15	700, 500, 300
2005	72	8	T- 40	700, 300, 500
2004	34	5	T-15	Na
2003	30	5	T- 20	Na
2002	10	3	T- 5	Na
2001	15	4	T- 5	Na
2000	20	3	T- 5	Na
1999	10	6	T- 10	Na

Materials & Methods

- Continuous study
- Collect single DM-infected plants from infected sunflower fields
- Test each sample on a set of 9 sunflower DM differential lines.
 - Germinate seed 3-days, roots 1-2 cm.
 - Incubate infected plant sample 24hr high RH.
 - Collect conidia/zospores in water suspension.
 - Soak seedlings in spore suspension 20,000/ml for 3-4 hr
 - Transplant seedlings into soil mix in flats
 - Grow under controlled GR conditions for 14 days
 - Incubate under High RH for 24 hrs
 - Assess Infection and sporulation.
- Determine levels of susceptibility and resistance
- Determine Race identity of each DM sample collected.

Susceptible and Resistant reactions



DM Races and Prevalence, 2006

DM Races and Prevalence, 2007

DM Races and Prevalence, 2005

Sunflower Differential Lines	Rust Races, Prevalence, and Virulence			
	100 (1) 12%	300 (2,6,7) 21%	500 5%	700-730 62%
SHA 300	S	S	S	S
RHA 266 (265)	R	S	R	S
RHA 274	R	R	S	S
DM-2 (PM1-3)	S	R	S	R-S
DM-3 (PM1-17)	S	R	R	R-S
DM-4 (803-1)	na	na	na	na
HAR 4	na	na	Na	na
HAR 5 (QHP-1)	na	na	na	na
HA 335	R	R	R	R

DM Races and Prevalence, 2004

Sunflower Differential Lines	Rust Races, Prevalence, and Virulence			
	100 (1) 8%	320 (2,6,7) 6%	500 6%	720-730 80%
SHA 300	S	S	S	S
RHA 266 (265)	R	S	R	S
RHA 274	R	R	S	S
DM-2 (PM1-3)	S	R	S	R-S
DM-3 (PM1-17)	S	S	R	S
DM-4 (803-1)	na	na	na	na
HAR 4	na	na	na	na
HAR 5 (QHP-1)	na	na	na	na
HA 335	R	R	R	R

Prevalent DM Races 2004-07

Year	Race 100 (1)	Race 300 (2, 6, 7)	Race 500 (4)	Race 700 (3)
2004	8%	6%	6%	80%
Races, Inc.	100	320	500	720-730?
2005	12%	21%	5%	62%
Races. Inc.	100	300	500	700-730?
2006	8%	16%	21%	55%
Races	100	333, 300	500, 560	733, 773, 700
2007	4%	25%	11%	59%
Races, Inc.	130	330, 300	510, 530	730, 710, 700

DM Resistance to Metalaxyl (Apron)

Methodology:

- Collect isolates from single plants.
 - Inoculate untreated sunflower seedlings
 - Inoculate seedlings from Apron treated seed
 - Assess disease development and sporulation
 - DM isolates are resistant if treated seedlings are as susceptible as untreated seedlings.
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- % of DM resistance
 - 2005 78%
 - 2006 66%
 - 2007 84%

Fungicide sensitive isolate
Apron treated seed **untreated seed**



Conclusions

- Major shift in sunflower DM races
- Low frequency of race 100 (original race 1)
- Low-Med frequency of race 300 (original 2,6,7)
- Low-Med frequency of race 500 (original 4)
- High frequency of race group 700 (original 3)
- High % of DM isolates are resistant to Apron (metalaxyl)
- Most commercial sunflower hybrids lack resistance to the most virulent races.
- Good News: Some new hybrids have better resistance.

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MORDEN RESEARCH STATION

