

Production Practices for Late Planted Sunflower in Eastern Kansas

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Crop Variety Development

- New Crop Development
 - Short Season Corn 10 fold increase in acres
 now 20 bu/a better than milo
 - Cotton: good results but limited interest»due to lack of a local gin, equipment
 - Canola: promising but problems persist» winter hardiness
 - Sunflower: new research for NSA»double crop sunflowers

Crop Variety Development

- Cropping patterns in SE Kansas where we have hot and dry July-August. Clay pan soils.
 - Beat drought on the front side with short season corn; silk by June 20 dent by July 20.
 - Beat drought on the back side with soybean
 June 1 planted as a 1st crop or double crop in late June or July following wheat.
 Determinates as late MG IV or early MG V.
 - Sunflower is of special interest as a double crop across southern and eastern Kansas.
 First frost 3rd week of Oct. Early planted too.





Planting Date X Population X Harvest Treatment

- Plant Date Three Dates
 - -July 1 (183), July 15 (197), August 1 (214)
- Populations Five Final Stands
 - -15, 20,25,30,35,000 plants / acre
- Harvest Treatments Three treatments
 - -None, Roundup, Kixor

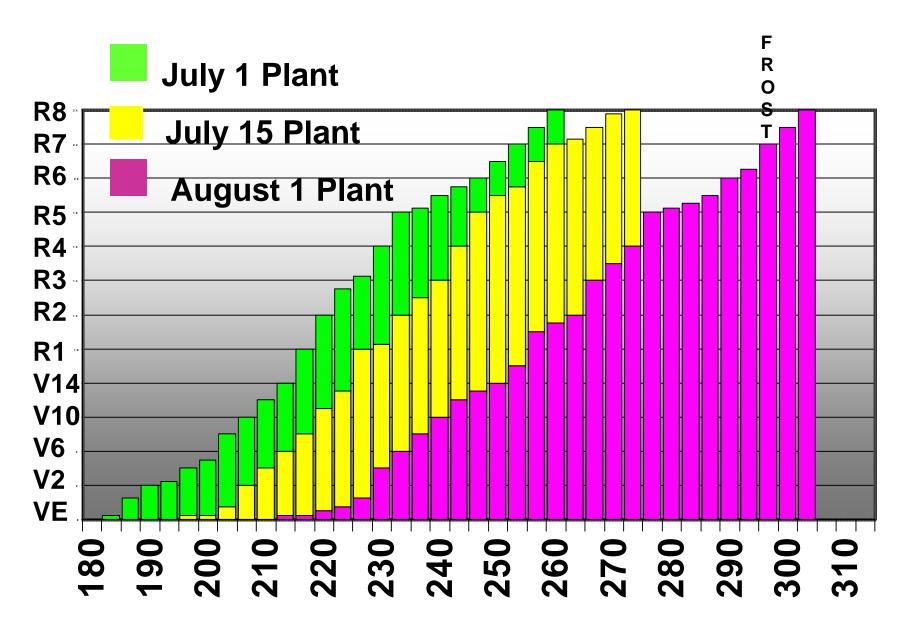


Figure 1. Sunflower Growth Stages by Day of the Year. Late-Planted with July-Nov. 2008 Dates







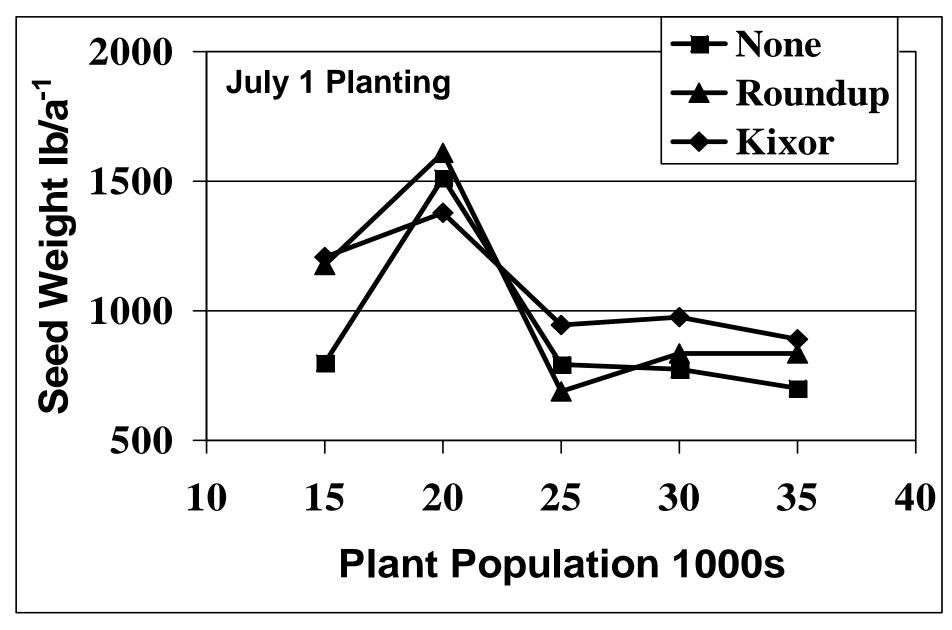


Figure 2. Effect of Plant Population on Sunflower Seed Yield With 3 Harvest Treatments in SE Kansas –2008

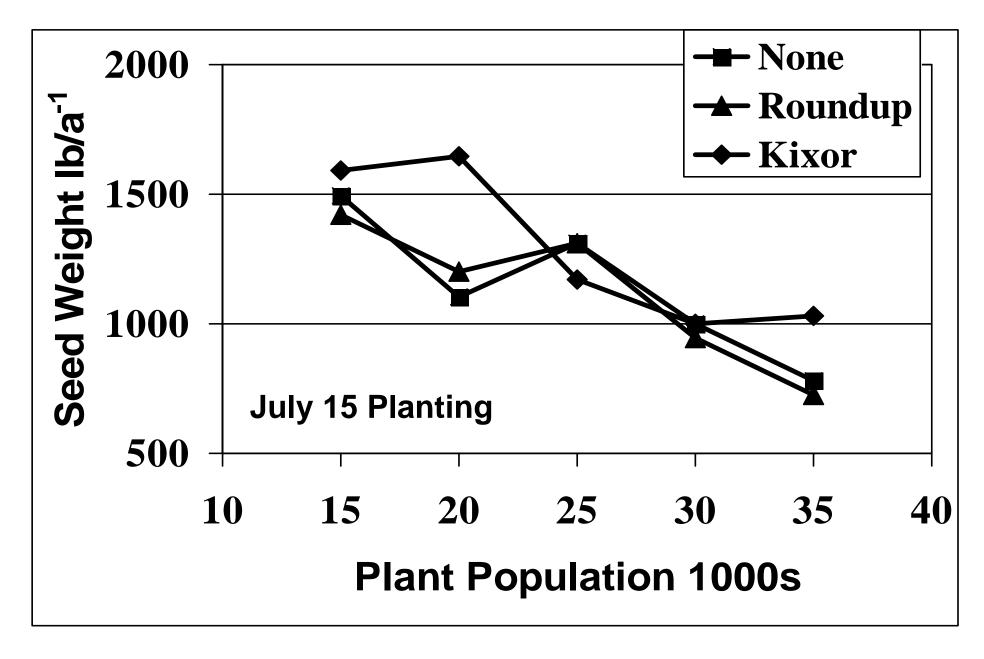


Figure 3. Effect of Plant Population on Sunflower Seed Yield With 3 Harvest Treatments in SE Kansas –2008

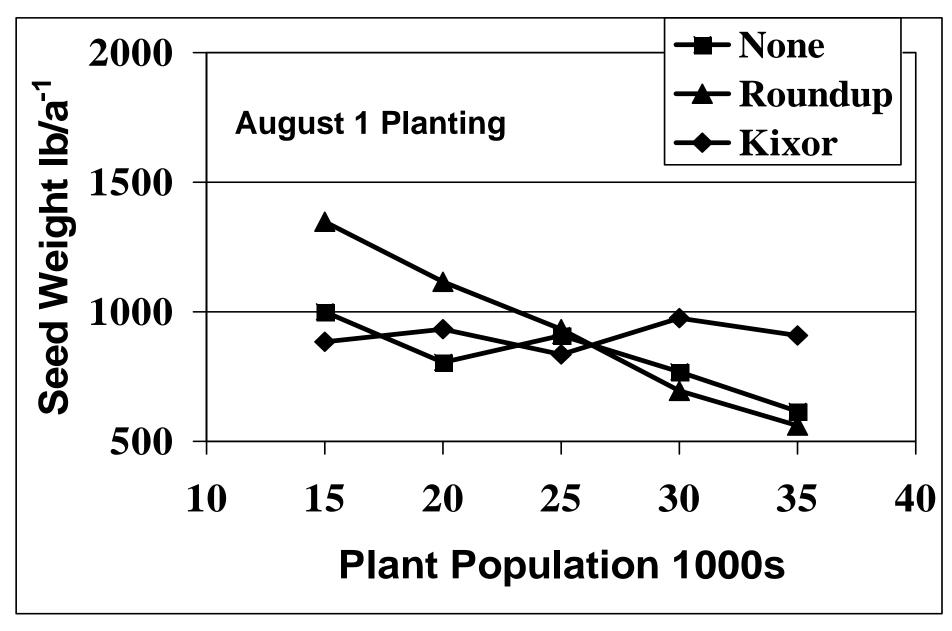


Figure 4. Effect of Plant Population on Sunflower Seed Yield With 3 Harvest Treatments in SE Kansas –2008



